THE LIMA NEWS.

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SPAIN WEAKENS

Convincing Proof That the Dons Are Now Ready

To Sue for Peace and That Negotiations to That Effect Are Actually In Progress.

Special to The News

Madrid, July 15.---The official gazette today publishes the royal decree, temporarily suspending, throughout the Spanish peninsula, the rights of individuals, as guaranteed by the constitution. The decree adds that the government will render an account to parliament which may sustain this measure. The publication of the decree is generally accepted as being convincing proof that Spain is now ready to sue for peace and that negotiations to that effect are now actually in progress.

Want to See Watson Dewey It.

London, July 15.---The press of Europe is universal in recommending that Spain sue for peace. The foreign nations have been ordered along the coast of Spain to watch the operations of Watson's fleet. They want to learn something.

Washington, July 15.---Peace talk is greater here than ever before. Paunceforte, the British ambassador at Spain, has been asked by his government, upon authority from Spain, to find out what this country is willing to do to secure peace.

The government officials will not treat with any foreign power, not even Great Britain, for peace, but will treat with Spain direct when she announces she is ready.

Guess Not.

Madrid, July 15.—Noon—Today minister of war is quoted as saying that peace might be brought about by allowing the Cubans to decide if they want independence or autonomy under the suzerainty of Spain, both governments to abide by the result. In the event the Cubans select independence, the United States will allow Spain nine months to withdraw her army gradually and dignifiedly.

A Double Lynching.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., July 15.—A double lynching in which Jim Redd and Alex Johnson, two Negroes were the victims, occurred at Monticello, Ark., Thursday. A mob of men broke down the doors of the jail, and entering the cell room, poured a volley of shots into the cages where the men were confined. Johnson is dead and Redd is fatally wounded. They were convicted of killing W F. Skipper, a rich planter and merchant of Baxter, and were sentenced to hang.

How the News Was Received in New York.

NEW YORK, July 15.—The news of the surrender of Santiago to Gen. Shafter was received here with great enthusiasm. The crowds surged about the bulletin boards of the different newspapers to get the latest dispatches and the newsboys did a thriving business with extra editions Over in New Jersey and on Long Island, the bells were set ringing and cannons were fired

The Gunboat Bennington

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., July 15.—The gunboat Bennington left her anchorage Thursday afternoon and proceeded down the bay amid the tooting of many whistles and the dipping of flags from the merchant vessels It is generally supposed that she is going to Honolulu but nothing positive as to her destination can be stated at this time.

SURRENDERED

Stars and Stripes Float in Triumph Over Santiago.

The Gallant Army of Gen. Shafter Wins a Glorious Victory.

Gen. Toral Surrenders the City and His Army Unconditionally.

All Mines in the Harbor at Santiago Bay Must Be Removed.

It is Understood the Terms of Surrender Include the Entire Province of Santiago and All the Spanish Garrison Within its Limits.

WASHINGTON, July 15—Gen. Toral has unconditionally surrendered Santiago to Gen Shafter at 3 p. m.

WASHINGTON, July 15—The adutant general received the following from Playa:

"Adjutant General, Washington:

"Have just returned from interview with Gen. Toral. He agrees to surrender upon the basis of being returned to Spain. This proposition embraces all of eastern Cuba, from Acerraderos on the south to Sagua on the north, via Palma, with practically the fourth army corps.

"Commissioners meet this afternoon at 2:30 to definately arrange the terms.

"W. R. SHAFTER, Major General."

Adjt. Gen. Corbin announced that Santiago had surrendered soon after Gen. Shafter's dispatch was received, the telegram showing that the Spaniards and agreed to our terms. Only the details now remain to be adjusted.

The conference at the white house over Gen Shafter's message regarding commissioners lasted only about ten minutes before an answer to the dispatch was framed. In this dispatch Gen Shafter was instructed to carry out the orders last sent him, namely, to secure the surrender of Santiago by noon Thursday or to renew the attack upon the city. It is understood that the purpose of the president in sending this reply is, while securing the surrender of the city to leave to Gen. Shafter the arrangement of all the details of surrender, it matters not whether peace commissioners be appointed or not so long as a surrender of the city is accomplished without delay.

A cable from Santiago says Sampson notified Shafter Wednesday that the surrender of Santiago, if accepted.

CONTINUED ON FOURTH PAGE.

ON TO PORTO RICO.

There Will be Plenty of Transports Available for the Expedition to That island---But Little Resistance Expected.

TERRITORY IN CUBA SURRENDERED BY GEN. TORAL

Makes About 5,000 Square Miles—Valuable Fortifications are Within the Surrendered Zone—Great Attention Will Now be Given to Our Sick and Wounded.

Special to The News:

WASHINGTON, July 15.—The government is now turning its attention to the occupation of Porto Rico There will be plenty of transports available for the expedition, as the government has devised other means of removing the Spaniards captured at Santiago to Spain than by carrying them on these transports. That the navy is ready to do its share at short notice goes without saying. Porto Rico is not expected to offer a very formidable resistance. It is believed that the moral effect of Thursday's surrender at Santiago will be to discourage the defenders of San Juan There is, however, always the prospect that peace may ensue before hostilities have progressed against Spain's eastermost West India island. Rumors were afloat Thursday afternoon to the effect that the Spanish government at last had made overtures in that direction, but their basis probably was the current belief that one more reverse to the Spanish arms would be sufficient to compel the Spanish government to sue for peace, and this reverse was furnished by the surrender of Toral's army. The navy department has not been affected by these rumors to the extent of relaxing any of its precautions or abandoning any of its plans, for Secretary Long stated unequivocally Thursday that Commodore Watson's eastern squadron would certainly go to Spain as soon as it could sail.

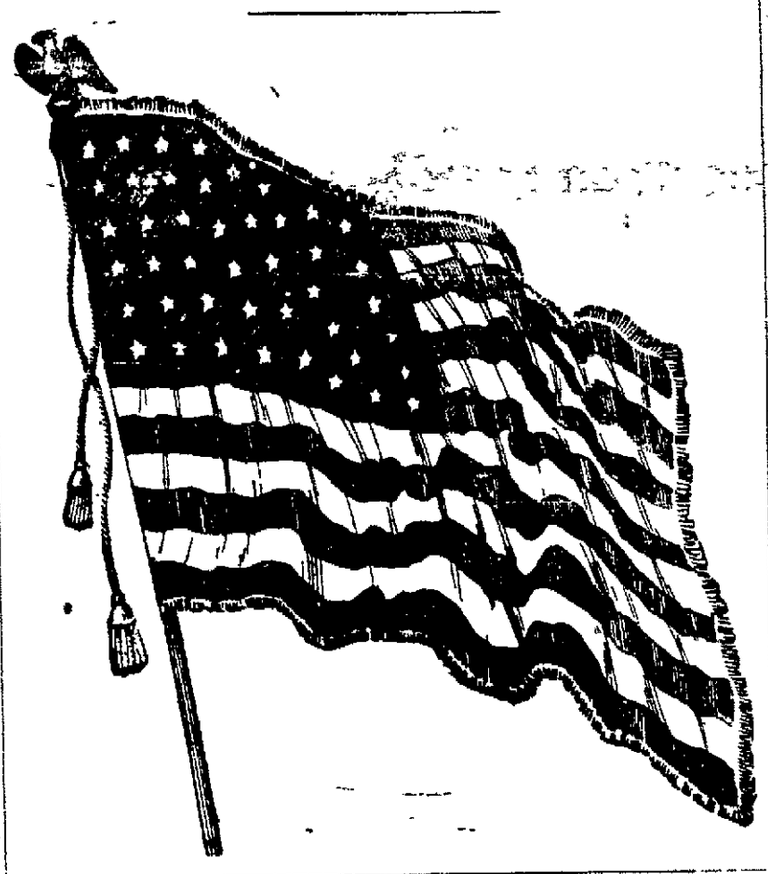
The territory surrendered to us by Gen. Toral makes about 5,000 square miles The Spanish soldiers to be sent to Spain is estimated at 10,000 men.

Maj. Hopkins, the military aide to Secretary Alger Thursday afternoon had spread before him a huge map of Cuba showing the surrendered zone turned over to the American troops. The line begins at Asseradores, about 15 miles west of Santiago harbor and then runs due north about 25 miles to Palmo Soriana. Had the line continued due north it would have passed west of Holquin thus taking the Spanish garrison at that point. Evidently Gen. Toral wished to avoid the inclusion of Holquin, so the line turns abruptly to the northeast of Palmo and runs to the coast town of Boca del Sagua on the coast. The extreme length of this surrendered tract is about 110 miles and the extreme width about 50 miles, tapering to a less width, making in all about 5,000 square miles.

The navy department had not heard up to the close of office hours to what extent the American fleet was participating in the Spanish surrender. With Santiago in our hands the way will be clear for Adm. Sampson's fleet to enter the harbor and proceed up to the wharves, as soon as the torpedoes and mines at the harbor entrance are removed. The fortifications of Morro Castle, Socapa, Cayo Smith and others are included in the surrendered zone. The possession of these fine fortresses, particularly Morro castle, will afford valuable garrison points for a large number of men. The terms under which these strongholds are surrendered is not yet known in detail, but it is regarded as likely that their big guns pass with the surrender.

Great attention will now be given to the care of our sick and fever stricken soldiers on the island. In the opinion of the army surgeons the sick can be best treated by removal to the high ground back of the southern coast, where the heat is less severe, and where recovery could proceed without the fear of communicating disease to the army. Secretary Alger is anxious to bring the entire army back as soon as it can be done with safety to the men themselves and without jeopardy to the other troops in Florida and to the general public. The active preparations made to deal with the emergency are such that it is felt the question of disease can be coped with successfully now that the military situation has been simplified. In the matter of transports, the department is fully prepared for the next move. The acquisition recently of a number of trans-Atlantic liners capable of carrying several times as many men as the smaller transports, has put it on an excellent footing, and it was announced Thursday that more ships were being bought for the Atlantic coast. Many of the transports which carried soldiers to Cuba are now being used for other purposes, chief among which is that of bringing the sick and wounded to the United States. The ships available by the department are distributed about as follows: Twenty-five at Santiago, twelve at Tampa, three at Charleston, four at New York, four at Key West and others en route to and from other points.

STILL SHE WAVES.



The Irene Incident.

LONDON, July 15.—The Daily Mail's Hong Kong correspondent cables that it is now known here that Adm. Dewey requested the correspondents at Manila not to give the full story of the Irene incident for fear of arousing a feeling in America which might lead to complications with Germany.

Uncle Sam's Credit is Good.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—The total subscriptions to the $200,000,000 war loan, including syndicate offers, will amount to $1,200 000,000 The limit of awards will be below $10,000,000

Death of Irvine S. Bullock.

LONDON, July 15 —Mr Irvine Steven Bullock died Thursday at Liverpool He was a lieutenant on the Alabama during the war of secession.

Stamped by Senders.

WASHINGTON, July 15 —The commissioner of internal revenue has decided that all telegraphic messages must be stamped by the sender.

Camara's Fleet.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—News received at the war department Thursday is to the effect that the Cadiz fleet, under Adm Camara, is expected to reach Cartagena, Spain, Sunday next.

WASHINGTON, July 15 —Surgeon General Sternberg has received a cable from Sibooney announcing five deaths from yellow fever.

All of the London papers tender an ample meed of praise for the success of American strategy in securing possession of eastern Cuba with so little bloodshed. They recognize that further resistance on the part of Spain is hopeless.

AMERICAN TROOPS

Are Moving Into Santiago, Says a Private Dispatch---Telegraph Service Being Extended Into the City.

Special to The News:

Washington, D. C. July 15.—The commissioners appointed by the Spanish at Santiago are Robert Mason, British Consul General Tolen and General Toral. Those appointed by the United States are General Wheeler, General Lawten and Captain Wilson. They were at work on terms of peace when the dispatch announcing the surrender of Santiago was sent.

A private dispatch this morning says the American troops are moving into Santiago General Greely, commander of the Signal Service Corps, received a cable this morning relating to the extension of the telegraph service into the city of Santiago, which is considered as a confirmation of the report that the town is being occupied by the American troops.

Special to The News.

Off Santiago, via Kingston, July 13.—Only Red Cross representatives are allowed to enter Santiago at present. All of the American troops will not go in until after the Spanish forces leave.

ALARMED

Are the Inhabitants of San Juan---They Expect That Port to be Attacked and Are Fleeing to the Interior.

Special to The News:

St. Thomas, July 15.—Advices from San Juan, Porto Rico, show that the inhabitants of that place are in great alarm. They expect the port to be attacked by the Americans today and are fleeing to the interior. It is said that the city and its suburbs are practically deserted.

Special to The News.

Washington, July 15.—It is stated that only routine business was considered at the cabinet meeting to-day. The question of peace with Spain was was not considered.

YELLOW FEVER

Has Made Serious Inroads in the Last 24 Hours,

And Severe Measures May Have to Be Taken to Prevent the Disease Inoculating the Entire Army.

Special to the NEWS.

Washington, D. C., July 15.—News from the front today shows that yellow fever has made serious inroads in the last twenty-four hours, and at the surgeon-general's office here they are very much worried over the state of affairs, and severe measures may have to be taken to stamp out the disease and prevent it inoculating the entire army. It is understood this morning from dispatches received, although it is not given out officially, that part of the army has entered Santiago, and that a hospital has been established in the city for the better care of the wounded than they could get in the open weather or under tents where the ground is so wet.

Special to the NEWS.

Washington, July 15.—The war department has posted a bulletin saying there are only 23 new cases of yellow fever at the front and three deaths within the last twenty-four hours. Everything possible is being done to stamp out the disease.

INTERESTING NEWS ITEMS.

Senator Foraker, of Ohio, arrived in Chattanooga at 7:30 Thursday morning and went at once to the camp. He will remain several days, the guest of the Ohio officers.

Gen. Toral cables to Madrid that the losses of the last few days have been 400 killed, wounded and taken prisoners. He says that he has 12,000 troops left in fine condition.

The bundesrath, or federal council of Switzerland, has prohibited the importation of fresh and unpeeled dried American fruit, with a view of keeping out the San Jose scale.

By the explosion of a boiler in the Niagara starch works, Buffalo, N. Y., Thursday, the building was wrecked, six persons killed and 26 injured. Two others are missing who are supposed to have perished.

Adm. Sampson sent the battle ships Texas to make the wreck of the Cristobal Colon fast to the shore by hawsers and cables. The Colon lies bow on the bank, stern in deep water. It is feared that a heavy sea would wash her into deeper water, as the bank is very steep, and it is impossible to float her. It has been decided to attempt to save and repair her.

Advices received in London Thursday from the Canary islands, under date of July 4, said the two Spanish torpedo boats were still at Las Palmas, and it was announced that a Spanish war ship was at anchor at Teneriffe. Ships are not allowed to enter the harbor after dark and the coast lights were extinguished. Most of the visitors had left the place.

Charged With Embezzlement.

TAMPA, Fla., July 15.—Charles G. French, secretary of the Merchants' and Traders' Building and Loan association, Chicago, was arrested here Thursday charged with embezzling $200,000 from that institution. French is in jail awaiting further instructions from the Illinois authorities.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE® NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

The Ainos of Japan, Who Had Never Seen a Foreigner of Any Color or Description.

Mrs. Mabel Loomis Todd writes for the Century, from personal observation, an article entitled "In Aino Land." Mrs. Todd says:

In the summer of 1896 as a lay member of the Amherst college expedition which visited northern Japan to view the total eclipse of the sun, I had the rare opportunity of seeing the primitive "hairy Aino" of that region.

In the southern portion of the island, near Hakodate and Sapporo, and

AINO DRINKING SAKE.
(A Queer People Living in the North of Japan.)

about Volcano bay, travelers have visited these shy and silent people. But several hundred miles north are many Ainos who, until the summer of 1896, were strangers to the members of any race but their own or the few Japanese who are establishing small fishing villages along the coast. The dwellers in the province of Kitami are too distant to be sought by visitors; and a foreign woman, the Japanese officials informed me, had never before reached Kitami.

Skirting the rough western coast by steamer, and rounding Cape Soya, the eclipse party located at Esashi, which must not be confused with another town of the same name near Hakodate. The news of the arrival of strange white foreigners spread quickly among the neighboring villages. Walking with stately tread, bushy-haired and bearded groups of Ainos often passed the expedition headquarters, apparently looking for nothing unusual, and giving no evidence of curiosity, yet never failing to see every foreign figure within their range. Humbly accompanying their lords, the women and children frequently followed, far less imposing than the men.

Driven gradually through ages from the south to Hokkaido, the Ainos are among the few races yet retaining, in this over-civilized world of ours, an utterly unspoiled simplicity. Their origin has never been satisfactorily traced, but they were certainly in Japan long before the present race of Japanese had arrived, and names clearly originating in the Aino tongue are still retained all over the empire. Gentle and subservient to the conquering race, it is evident that they formerly held more egotistic views than now, even fancying themselves the center of the universe, as is shown perhaps by an old national song:

Gods of the sea, open your eyes divine,
Wherever your eyes turn, there echoes the sound of the Aino speech.

A NOVEL LIFEBOAT.

It Is Formed of Wooden Staves, Surrounded by Hoops and Strengthened by Stout Ribs.

The accompanying illustration represents a novel lifeboat which has been devised and patented by James Mitchell, Sr., of Arrow river, Manitoba, Can., says the Scientific American. The boat pictured is formed of wooden staves, surrounded by hoops and strengthened from within by stout

A NEW LIFEBOAT.
(Formed of Wooden Staves and Surrounded by Hoops.)

ribs. A large conical block at each end of the boat is provided with a passage of rope guideway, whose ends are at right angles to each other. A rope passes through these guideways, extends through the whole length of the boat and is attached to a ship by the usual means. Within the body of each conical block and intersecting each rope guideway is a recess containing a spring-pressed block. When the rope is removed, the block is automatically forced down so as to prevent the entrance of water. Should it be impossible to lower the boat in the ordinary way by letting out the suspending rope, it may be launched upon an even keel by serving the rope from within. Hatchways for the entrance and exit of passengers, a rudder and steering ropes operated from the hatchways or from within the boat, are provided. A heavy keel gives the boat stability and rights it, should it be overturned. Ventilating pipes are provided which can be closed by valves to prevent the entrance of water.

A Balloon Invented by an Oregon Man Will Be Tested by Army Experts.

One unpleasantness with young Alfonso's taxpayers has brought forth another invention of a Yankee, says the Pittsburgh Times, and the war department may utilize it in the present war. It is a balloon constructed on thoroughly up-to-date lines, and its inventor, H. M. Kennedy, told of it at the Monongahela House last night.

"For three years," he said, "I have been working on the idea, and have spent over $10,000 in perfecting my plans. A few weeks ago I completed everything, and the balloon was brought to the notice of the war department by ex-Congressman Simpson. It is constructed of the skin of four elephants, is 25 feet in height, 18 feet in diameter and 50 feet in circumference. The car is of aluminum, 15 by 15 feet, with sides five feet high. The sides can be folded at pleasure. The balloon is capable of carrying 3,000 pounds with ease, and I have no doubt but that 500 pounds additional could be handled without risk. In inflating the balloon I propose to use a new gas called 'celestid' gas, which I believe to be better than that ordinarily used. Tests have shown that the entire balloon is practicable, and that its structure is of the most durable quality."

The balloon has been forwarded to Washington, it is understood, where it will be tested in a short time by army experts.

DOUBTS JONAH STORY.

A Theological Student Is Refused Ordination by the New York Presbytery.

Jonah is in more trouble. Incidentally he has involved the New York Presbytery, Union Theological seminary, and William B. Bebb, says the New York correspondent of the Chicago Tribune. The question at issue is whether or not Jonah was swallowed by the whale. Mr. Bebb thinks he wasn't. Therefore the presbytery refuses to license Mr. Bebb as a minister, and has appointed a committee to lead the erring Mr. Bebb to see that the prophet did actually have the alleged submarine experience.

Mr. Bebb studied at Union, was graduated, and went before the presbytery for examination as to fitness for the ministry. He declared he had doubts about the inspiration of the Bible from an historical standpoint, while he had confidence in its inspiration on religious matters. The presbytery asked for specific instances in which the Bible might be wrong. Bebb specified Jonah. He evinced a due want of reverence for the whale, and thought it doubtful whether the fish had done what the Scriptures alleged he did.

The presbytery rejected him by 25 to 24 votes. Rev. Malcolm Shaw, of the West End church; Rev. Dr. Isaac M. Gregory, and Elder Francis Booth were appointed a committee to lead the young man to see his error. They hope to succeed later.

GOOD FOR COALING STATION.

United States Possesses an Island Nearly 2,700 Miles West of Honolulu.

A special from Honolulu says: The United States possesses an island suitable for a coaling and even for a naval station in the Pacific, nearly 2,700 miles west of Honolulu and in the very doorway of Manila.

It is known as Marcus of Weeks and is 2,700 miles from Hawaii, more than half way to the Philippines.

The island belongs to Capt. Foster, commander of a sailing vessel plying between the orient and San Francisco. They found it while out cruising and took possession. It was at that time unclaimed and unoccupied. By consent of James G. Blaine, then secretary of state, the American flag was hoisted over the island and still remains there, the same being sanctioned by Great Britain, France and all the powers.

The island is in 24.4 north and 154.2 east. It is about five miles long and is densely covered with trees and shrubbery. It has a white, sandy beach and near the center is a knoll rising about 200 feet above the sea.

It is near the track of vessels from Honolulu to Yokohama and has been offered to the United States for a coaling station.

RELIC OF FORT SUMTER.

Section of Flagstaff Which Floated the Stars and Stripes When the Garrison Struck Its Colors.

In Gen. Corbin's office at the war department is a section of the flagstaff from which floated the stars and stripes over Fort Sumter when the garrison stationed there struck its colors, April 14, 1861, and left the fort in possission of the confederates. The staff was of yellow pine and the piece in Gen. Corbin's office is about one foot long and nearly the same size in diameter. It is bound with a brass hoop half an inch wide to prevent splitting, and where it is cracked the wood looks new, and 38 years' time has not made any ravages upon it. Maj. Robert Anderson was in command of the fort when it surrendered, and with his own hands hauled down the colors, but four years later, after he had won his spurs and ranked as a major general, he raised the flag on the same staff from which he had lowered it four years earlier. After the ceremonies attending the flag raising were concluded the staff was divided into sections, and one sent to the war department, where it has since remained and is highly prized.

Lord Lieutenant's Princely Salary.

The lord lieutenant of Ireland has a yearly salary of £20,000 and expenses.

Plan of Spanish Bank Authorities for Quieting the Public.

A man who recently left Lisbon tells an interesting story of the manner in which the Bank of Spain checked the run upon that institution several weeks ago. The circulating medium of Spain consist of the notes of that bank and the silver which is held to redeem them to 75 per cent., I believe, of their par value. As the public was losing confidence in the financial stability of the government crowds of people took their paper notes to the bank for redemption. Under ordinary circumstances they will exchange silver for a paper note without any delay, but when the run commenced the managers found it necessary to adopt some measures to restore confidence and to save the specie in their own vaults. It would not do, of course, for them to show the white feather or refuse to redeem their own notes, so they adopted an ingenious plan, which ultimately tired out the people and stopped the demand for coin. Thousands of people surrounded the bank—many of them were in bad temper—and stood in lines several blocks long awaiting their turn at the cashier's counter. When one of them finally reached him and laid down the note he wished to exchange for silver coin he was held for five or ten minutes and subjected to a cross-examination such as might have been given him by a census enumerator. In the meantime a clerk wrote his answers down upon a blank form—his age, occupation, residence, birthplace, the names of his parents, etc. Then he was required to sign a formal application for the exchange of 20 pesetas, for example, in paper, for their equivalent in silver. Then he was sent away and told to return in three days.

On the third day the man would return and, after standing in line again all day and all night, perhaps, would reach the cashier's counter. He would be required to bring somebody to identify him and to certify that he was the person described in the paper presented. This took a couple of days or more, perhaps, and finally he was given a certificate to draw upon another cashier, who, he was told, would pay him the money. This made it necessary for him to stand in another line for a day or two, and when he finally reached the proper place he would be required to sign a receipt and make an oath of allegiance to the government and an indorsement of the financial soundness of the bank. Thus by this circumlocution arrangement a man had to waste seven or eight days to get a paper dollar changed into silver, and the transactions were so tedious and complicated that each consumed 15 or 20 minutes. As there was only one cashier not more than 40 or 50 persons at the utmost could be served in a day, and the clamor finally subsided from exhaustion.—Chicago Record.

CAUSES OF CANCER.

Something About This Most Dreaded of All Diseases.

There are few diseases that afflict the human family that are more to be dreaded than those of a cancerous nature. The cancer proper is a most appalling foe to life. Whether it can be cured is and always has been a debatable question. Cases are cited where alleged marvelous cures have been effected, but this does not to any appreciable extent alter the facts in the case that the cancer is practically incurable, once it gets any sort of headway in the system. The causes of this disease have been so imperfectly understood that any effort at prevention was worse than useless. A French scientist claims to have discovered cancer germs in wood, and that artisans who work in wood are much more subject to this disease, all things being considered, than those who handle most other materials. Having once started on this line of research, he found cancer germs in wood and vegetation of various kinds. Elm and willow trees showed a greater proportion of these germs than other woods. In high altitudes or where trees are not common, very few cancer germs were found; from all of which it appears that we may be at last on the high road to some reliable and conclusive knowledge upon a subject which has baffled the skill of medical scientists for many years.—N. Y. Ledger.

About Royal Residences.

The halls, corridors and public rooms of Balmoral castle are now lighted with electricity and the plant is driven by water obtained from the Gelder, a tributary of the Dee, and a noted trout stream, which flows for several miles through Queen Victoria's deer forests. Her majesty has a shiel or cottage in Glen Gelder, which has been for many years a favorite place for afternoon tea with the royal party at Balmoral.

When Held in Front of You.

Hewitt—Newspapers are a great blessing.

Jewett—You bet your life! They prevent your seeing a woman who is standing up in a street-car.—N. Y. World.

Successful Two Weeks' Hunt in New York State by Rattlesnake Pete.

Peter Gruber, better known as "Rattlesnake Pete," has returned from a two weeks' hunt for rattlers in the southern part of New York state and the northern part of Pennsylvania. He brought with him over 60 snakes, including rattlers, copperheads, spotted adders and racers, and also several quarts of snake oil.

"Pete" started out with a friend named E. L. Sutton, a few miles this side of Olean and followed the rocky hills down to Oil City, the center of the petroleum district, which is thickly infested with all kinds of snakes. Although he handled nearly 100 live snakes, he was not bitten once, although he was attacked occasionally. One snake that he grabbed by the tail struck at his body, but the fangs did not penetrate his clothing.

At Porcupine run, near the Indian reservation at Salamanca, "Pete" flew up a den containing about 25 rattlers. The reptiles stayed so close to the rocks that it was impossible to capture them. "Pete" then decided to blow them up. A little dynamite did the business. After the explosion the air was filled with rocks and flying snakes. All of the snakes were killed, and although "Pete" usually likes to capture the reptiles alive, still he was satisfied to get several quarts of snake oil from them.

"Pete" uses the oil for a large number of ailments, believing that it is a very efficacious remedy. He uses it particularly for deafness, sore cords, rheumatism, membraneous croup, etc. He has furnished the oil to physicians all over the United States.

BRIDAL TRIP ON A TANDEM.

Michigan Couple to Spend Honeymoon in Wheeling to Niagara and Back.

Ed Hines, Michigan consul of the L. A. W., immediately after his marriage at Northville to Miss Carrie Steers started with his bride on a tandem for Niagara Falls, expecting to be gone about two weeks. A year or two ago Mr. Hines was associated with the father of Miss Steers in the publication of a newspaper at Northville. While there he made Miss Carrie's acquaintance. The young people, in addition to other similarity of taste, were both devoted to bicycling, and have ridden many hundred miles on tandems. When Hines removed to Detroit he kept up the acquaintance, and several times a week visited Northville, riding out on his wheel. Without giving any hint to his friends he stole out there a few days ago and the pair were married by Rev. J. H. Herberer in the Northville Presbyterian church. Immediately after the ceremony the bride and groom attired themselves in wheeling costume and started on their wedding trip. Since his connection with the L. A. W. Hines has become well acquainted with wheelmen all over Michigan. He is vice president of the National League of American Wheelmen. Miss Hines is talented and popular at her former home.

CARRYING BREAD TO TROOPS.

Eight Huge Wagons Pass Through Washington Daily Loaded with Food for Camp Alger.

Soon after midnight every morning eight huge wagons, each drawn by four horses, are observed passing the white house at Washington, going towards Camp Alger. They are laden with bread for the soldiers at the camp, which is supplied by a private corporation, as the government has no facilities for baking. There are more than 30,000 troops now at Camp Alger, and as each soldier consumes one loaf of bread every day, it is a stupendous undertaking for one concern to accept such a large contract in addition to its regular business. These wagons are identical with the regular army vehicles, including the canvas cover, and the loaves fill them from the floor to the roof. Enough of the staff of life is transported in this way to save a good-sized city from hunger for the period of one day, and if these wagon trains could be driven into Cuba the suffering reconcentrados would undoubtedly think their day of salvation had arrived.

NO OUTING THIS SUMMER.

Wives of the Officers of the Army and Navy Will Find Plenty to Do Right in Washington.

Wives of the officers of the army and navy who are in active service will remain in Washington all summer. They will be able to get more satisfactory news from the seat of war in Washington than in some of the smaller resorts hereabouts. They will put in most of their summer working for the families of the regular soldiers who are left in comparatively destitute circumstances by their wives being deprived of the washing and work for the officers' families. Mrs. Sumner, wife of Col. Sumner, of Fort Myer, has interested herself in these people, and the wives of the officers meet every Thursday morning in the hall of the Washington club to sew for them. Mrs. Sternberg is actively engaged in this work and will not leave the city except for a short time during the summer months on account of it.

Asteroids.

The number of asteroids known to astronomers is 423. Some of them have not been observed since their discovery, and are practically lost.

Ferocious Indian Crocodile.

The Indian crocodile is a ferocious and dangerous animal, and causes great destruction to human life, especially in lower Bengal.

HOTELS.

Brunt's Florentine Hotel, opposite C., H. & D. depot. Hotel and Restaurant. Popular prices. 25 elegantly furnished rooms.

The New Cambridge, opp. P., Ft. W. & C., C., H. & D., L. E. & W. and Lima Northern stations. A. S. Manhard, Prop. Popular prices.

The Harrod, E. Market street, Lima, Ohio. Open all hours. Rates, $2. Steam heat and electric lights. J. W. H. Attlebergers, Props.

INSURANCE.

G. F. Kemmer & Co., General Insurance Agents, room 1 Wise Block, Lima, O.

LIVERY AND TRANSFER.

J. C. Musser, Livery, Hack and Transfer line, No. 14 southwest corner Public Square. Telephone 40, both lines.

DENTISTS.

Dr. McIndoo fills teeth painlessly by electricity. Both 'phones. Cincinnati Block.

PIANO TEACHERS.

Lynn R. Dana, Teacher of Piano and Theory. Studio, rooms 11 and 12, over City Book Store.

PIANO TUNERS.

C. F. Woolery, tuner and repairer of pianos, satisfaction guaranteed. 325 North Main.

Five hundred stoves wanted to store by the City Truck and Storage House. Household goods moved. E. Stickney, 436 S. Main street. New 'phone 306.

TAILORS.

Amos Brown, Merchant Tailor, Kendall Block. You know the rest.

Joseph Bletzacker, Merchant Tailor, rooms 8 and 9 Satterthwaite block, for your spring suit or trousers.

J. W. McDonald, the Tailor, Telephone for Contatorium. No. 406 N. Main street.

Call on the Lima Ice & Coal Company for Pure Spring Water Ice. 'Phones 164 or 501.

UPHOLSTERING

Neatly done by John Ruthe, at 113 East North Street, Lima, Ohio.

WATCHMAKER.

Ches. Tucker, Watchmaker. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired. No. 111 Fair High, opp. Hoover Bros.

BANKS.

The Commercial Bank, Samuel A. Baxter & Sons, Lima, Ohio. Bonds, Mortgages, Investments. General Banking.

CHEAP CASH GROCERY.

We have a nice stock of staple and fancy groceries at lowest prices. Country produce a specialty. Give us a call. Tabler & Zimmerman, 301 South Main street. 'Phone 19.

DAIRY STATIONS.

J. H. Berryman, dairy products of all kinds. Free delivery. New 'Phone 155. 109 West Market street.

EAT BOWERS' BREAD.

It is always the best. It needs no false claims to attract attention to it.

EYE, EAR AND THROAT SURGEONS.

Dr. A. F. Knisely, Eye, Ear and Throat Surgeon, rooms 3 and 4, Cincinnati Block, Lima, Ohio. Bell Telephone 482. No charge for examination.

FLORIST.

Mrs. E. E. Rogers, Florist. Designing a specialty. Fresh-Cut Flowers daily. 'Phone 106. 104 West Market street, Lima, O.

FURNITURE, ETC., WANTED.

Highest prices paid for second hand furniture, carpets, stoves, watches and jewelry and cast-off Gents clothing. Bargains in second hand goods and safes at 128 east Market St. Give me a call and be convinced. A. R. Atkinson.

HATTERS.

Geo. R. Christie, manufacturer and renisher of Men's Hats. Silk Hats remodeled Silk and Stiff Hats to order. 127 E. High st.

OLD RELIABLE MUSICAL REPAIRER.

All kinds of musical instruments repaired and tuned, and work guaranteed. Filling violin bows a specialty. C. W. Vogle, 109 E. North St.

Metropolitan Barber Shop and Bath Rooms . . . .

. . . . BEST IN THE CITY.

CHILDREN CALLED FOR AND DELIVERED

To any part of the City Free of Charge.

MACK DIXON, Prop. Opp. Burnet House and Court House.

LAMISON & THRIFT,
ATTORNEYS

And Counsellors-at-Law. Rooms 21, 22 and 23 Metropolitan Block. Both 'phones. Loans negotiated. Notary in office. jun17-1yr

RALPH P. KILLEN,
....Dentist....

Artificial Teeth, Crown and Bridge Work, Gold, Silver, Amalgam and all kinds of Fillings, and everything pertaining to modern dentistry done in a scientific manner at reasonable prices.

O'Connor Block, North of Court House, Lima, O.

SUMMER IN COLORADO.

Special Tourist Tickets via Pennsylvania Lines.

Colorado is particularly inviting as a summer haven. The climate is remarkable for its invigorating effect, and the state is rich in grand scenery and points of interest where a vacation may be pleasantly spent. Special arrangements are being made for the entertainment of visitors who are this season expected to be attracted to the seclusion and quiet of the Rockies and the hills and canyons of that great wonderland.

Colorado today is nearer home than in former years. The fast schedules of the Pennsylvania route and connecting lines bring the Centennial State within easy reach, and the cost of a trip thither is no longer a luxury. The special low rate tourist tickets over the Pennsylvania Lines places the cost for transportation within the limit of the usual allowance for vacation trips. For special information about rates, time of trains and other details please apply to nearest Pennsylvania Lines ticket agent or address C. L. Kimball, A. G. P. Agt., Cleveland, O.

C., H. & D. R. R.

In effect July 10, 1898, at 4:45 o'clock a. m.

No.	SOUTH.	
7	arrives daily	2.27 a m
7	leaves "	2.32 a m
11	" except Sunday	3.45 a m
1	arrives "	9.40 a m
1	leaves "	9.45 a m
5	arrives "	12.30 p m
5	leaves "	12.35 p m
3	arrives "	4.00 p m
3	leaves "	4.05 p m
13	arrives "	9.50 p m
61	Sunday only, leaves	7.45 a m
	NORTH.	
2	arrives daily, except Sunday	8.20 a m
2	leaves " "	8.25 a m
14	leaves "	5.55 a m
6	arrives " "	11.40 p m
6	leaves " "	11.45 p m
4	arrives " except Sunday	4.30 p m
4	leaves " " "	4.35 p m
10	arrives " " "	9.00 p m
12	arrives " "	1.25 a m
12	leaves " "	1.35 a m
60	Sunday only, arrives	7.40 a m
60	" " leaves	7.48 a m
62	" " arrives	10.20 p m

P., Ft. W. & C. R. R.

New Time Card, taking Effect June 26, 1898.

No	EAST FROM LIMA.	
4.	Daily	7:35 a m
6.	Daily	8.35 a m
30.	Daily except Sunday	11:25 a m
20.	Daily except Sunday	3:15 p m
8.	Daily	9:30 p m
2.	Daily	10:50 p m
	WEST FROM LIMA	
15.	Daily	2:00 a m
5.	Daily	3:20 a m
39.	Daily except Sunday	9.50 a m
9.	Daily	2.50 p m
35.	Daily except Sunday	6:10 p m

L. E. & W. R. R.

In effect Sept. 5, 1897

No.	WEST.	
1	arrives..	9:40 a m
1	depart	9:50 a m
3	arrives..	2:25 a m
3	depart	2.45 a m
5	arrives	4:45 p m
129	Minster accommodat'n, leaves	4:50 p m
	EAST.	
6	leaves	7:50 a m
4	arrives	1:25 p m
4	leaves	1.45 p m
2	arrives	7.15 p m
2	leaves	7:30 p m
128	Minster accommoda'n, arrives	9:10 p m

D. & L. N. R. R.

No.	GOING NORTH.	
6	Vestibuled express, daily ex. Sun.	11.50 a m
2	Daily	6:15 a m
8	leaves daily, Napoleon and Bellefontaine accommodation	6:45 p.m
	GOING SOUTH.	
5	leaves daily, Napoleon and Bellefontaine accommodation	7:55 a m
1	Daily ex. Sunday	1.22 p m
3	Express, daily ex. Sunday	7:45 p.m
7	Sunday only	12:20 a m

ERIE R. R.

In effect June 26, 1898.

No	WEST.	DEPART
5	Vestibule limited, daily for Chicago and the West	11:22 a m
3	Pacific express, daily for Chicago and the West	1.12 a m
1	Express, daily except Sunday, for Chicago and the West	9:10 a m
31	Local freight, daily ex. Sunday	7.00 a m
13	Wells-Fargo limit'd express, daily except Monday	4.59 p m
	EAST.	
8	Vestibule limited, daily for New York and Boston	9:02 p m
2	Express, daily except Sunday	3.21 p m
12	Express, daily for New York	3.41 a m
32	Local freight, daily ex. Sunday	7:00 a m

OHIO SOUTHERN R. R.

In effect May 23, 1898.

TRAINS SOUTH.	TRAINS NORTH.
No. 1 leaves 7.45 a m	No. 2 arrives 11.05 a m
No. 3 leaves 3.30 p m	No. 4 arrives 7.30 p m

Trains Nos. 1 and 3, leaving Lima at 7.45 a. m. and 3.30 p. m. make direct connections for all points south and southeast. Baggage checked through from any residence in Lima to any point on or reached via the Ohio Southern. For further information as to rates etc., call up city office, 75 Public Square. Telephone 69.

F. E. FISHER,
Gen. Pass. Agt. O. S. Lima, O.

FIVE HUNDRED STOVES . . . .
Wanted to Store by the
CITY TRUCK AND STORAGE HOUSE.
Household Goods Moved.
E. STICKNEY,
436 South Main Street.
New 'phone 306.

MRS. E. E. ROGERS,
FLORIST.
Designing a Specialty. Fresh-Cut Flowers Daily.
104 West Market Street, 'Phone 106. LIMA, O.

WE WASH BEFORE WE IRON! A trial will convince you we know our business. Popular prices. Family Laundry a specialty. 'Phone two and the wagon will call. M34

THE NIAGARA STEAM LAUNDRY,
209 EA ST HIGH STREET.

$100,000 TO LOAN.

We have a large amount of Money to Loan on Improved Real Estate (Farm or City) at 5 to 7 per cent. interest. Borrower can pay part or all of principal at any time. Interest stops on amount paid at that date. You pay interest on amount of principal you still have, no more. You are not compelled to pay any stipulated amount on principal monthly. No Building and Loan plan about it. You will find our terms reasonable. When we tell you we can get you a loan you may depend upon getting it very soon. No delays or disappointments.

OUR MOTTO. "Get our terms and we will get your business." See us.

PHOENIX LOAN CO.,
Room 21 (Third Floor) Opera Block. Take Elevator.

MONEY TO LOAN

At the Very Lowest Rate of Interest and on Short Notice. We have a large amount of money to loan on long time, in sums of $500 and upwards, on city property and improved farm lands, with privilege of paying part or all at any interest paying day. Persons wishing Cheap Money on Easy Terms will find it will be to their interest to call. City Property, Vacant Lots and Farms for sale on Small Payments.

C. H. FOLSOM,
Real Estate and Loan Broker,
Rooms Nos. 2 and 3 Holmes Block, Lima, O.

MONEY TO LOAN

AT 6 PER CENT. in sums of $800 up on FARM LANDS AND CITY PROPERTY. Loans made for long time, with privilege of paying all, or part, at any interest day. LOANS MADE AT ONCE. Call on us when you want CHEAP money on EASY terms.

LIMA MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
Rooms 1 and 2 Metropolitan Block, LIMA.
D. C. HENDERSON, Attorney.

MONEY TO LOAN

In sums of $100.00 and upward on long time, improved city and farm property, at low rate of interest. Building loans made. Loans can be made upon the monthly plan if desired. No delay. See us before leaving your application elsewhere.

R. W. WALLACE & CO.
ROOM 6 HOLMES BLOCK. - LIMA, O.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

WHY

Have So Few Chainless Bicycles Been Sold?

Because until recently it has not been possible to get a good reliable bicycle of the chainless type, at anything like a reasonable price.

That condition no longer exists; we have the new

Crescent Chainless

In stock, and we want it examined and compared with the kinds for which almost double our price is asked.

It is built on the improved bevel gear principle, is easy running, noiseless, convenient, enduring, and in every way satisfactory. Ask to **ride one.** We'll furnish it on request—and ours the obligation. The price is **$75.00.**

Lima Cycle Supply Co.,

217 South Main Street.

DEWEY'S VICTORY.

Further Particulars Concerning the Seizure of Subic Bay.

Special to The News.

WASHINGTON, July 14.—The navy department has received from Adm. Dewey the following dispatch:

Aguinaldo informs me his troops have taken all of Subic bay except Isla Grande, which he was prevented from taking by German man-of-war Irene. On July 7 the Raleigh and Concord went there; they took the island and about 1,300 men, with arms and ammunition. No resistance. The Irene retired from the bay on their arrival.

I shall send the Boston to Cape Engano about July 15, to second army detachment. It is not practicable to send to Guam. No transport vessels available. "DEWEY."

MANILA, July 14.—via HONG KONG. July 13.—The American navy under Adm. Dewey has won another important victory in the capture of Grand Island, in Subig bay, Island of Luzon, and also the chief harbor of the Philippines.

Chief Aguinaldo on July 6 informed Dewey that the insurgents had full possession of Subig bay, with the exception of the large island controlling the entrance. A strong Spanish garrison occupied the island and he said he was unable to take it.

Adm. Dewey early on the next day, July 7, dispatched the cruiser Raleigh and the gunboat Concord with emphatic orders to Capt. J. B. Coghlan to take the island and capture the garrison. As soon as the cruisers arrived they shelled the principal points on the island, utterly destroying the earthworks and other fortifications and laying the torpedo station in ruins. Capt. Coghlan then sent out a launch with a message to the garrison demanding surrender. There was no response and the Raleigh finally sent a six-inch shell through the commanders's house. The white flag was instantly run up on the ruins of the earthworks.

Capt. Coghlan sent Lieut. Rodman, of the Raleigh, and Ensign Knepper, of the Concord, with a landing party, to demand absolute surrender.

The Spanish Col. Rio, realizing his helpless position, finally submitted and gave up his sword. The 500 men comprising the garrison were made prisoners and their rifles were taken from them. Forty thousand rounds of ammunition and one Hotchkiss gun were also captured.

This victory gives the Americans control of Subic bay, a Spanish strategic point, and frustrates the Spanish plans to prolong their dominion in the Philippines. The Spanish were endeavoring to protect it with submarine mines, and to make it ready for occupancy by the Spanish fleet supposed to be on its way from Spain. Adm. Dewey's possession of Subic bay defeats Germany's supposed plans to interfere in the Philippines. The plan was designed and executed with great dash and bravery, and its success has surprised the Germans and other foreigners here.

The insurgents have captured the valuable merchant steamer named Philippinas. The native crew killed the officer of the ship before her capture. The insurgents then came to Cavite and reported the situation to Chief Aguinaldo, who informed Adm. Dewey.

When the Raleigh and Concord entered Subig bay the German war ships left very suddenly. Although the attitude of the Germans is still irritable, Adm. Dewey is managing them with great diplomacy. He does not expect any trouble with them.

The blockade will, hereafter, be more rigid. Only the supply ships of the American and foreign nations are allowed to enter.

The Esmeralda, arriving from Hong-Kong Tuesday with passengers, was stopped and ordered to sea. The long-expected refrigerating steamer Culgoa, from Australia, with a cargo of fresh beef, arrived and was welcomed enthusiastically by the sailors and soldiers.

The Austrian cruiser Friendsburg arrived and saluted the Spanish flag first, after which she saluted Adm. Dewey's flag.

The insurgents had reported to Adm. Dewey that the German gun boat Irene had refused to allow them to attack Grande islands.

After Dewey had done the work the Germans explained that they had interfered in the "cause of humanity." Adm. Dewey declined to accept their offer of the refugees the Irene had on board.

Special Water Works Notice.

Water rents for the 6 months ending January 1st, 1899, are now due. If not paid in July 10 per cent. will be added. Those owing water rents prior to July 1st, 1898, must pay at once or the water will be shut off of their premises.

2 10 THE WATER WORKS BOARD.

"I think DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is the finest preparation on the market for piles." So writes John C. Dunn, of Wheeling, W. Va. Try it and you will think the same. It also cures eczema and all skin diseases. H. F. Vortcamp, north east corner North and Main.

STILL IN DOUBT

Where Labor Day Will be Celebrated by Lima Boys.

It May Yet be Held at Home—The Unions are More Favorable to Lima Than Elsewhere if They Can See Their Way Out--Notes.

The executive committee of the Trades and Labor Council met last night, pursuant to adjournment of the meeting of the night previous. The object was to come to some final agreement, if possible, as to how and where to hold the approaching Labor Day festivities. There are now four places to select from, viz: Springfield, Toledo, Sandusky and our own Lima, the latter still agitated through an offer made by Mr. Hover, proprietor of Hover park.

As stated yesterday, there were very flattering inducements offered to the Lima trades' unionists from Toledo, Springfield and Sandusky in the effort to co-operate with the union people of one of these towns in their celebration. There were also representatives from the several roads leading out of the city present who were there to offer the lowest rates for excursion service.

The committee discussed the matter at some length, but arrived at no final conclusion. As Mr. Hover's offer had upset all previous intentions, there being a strong desire with the entire council to hold the celebration at home if there is any way of doing so without going into indebtedness with the organization.

Many of the boys, at the close of the meeting, expressed themselves as hopeful that the celebration will finally be held in Lima, and it is more than likely that this will be the place settled upon at next Tuesday night's meeting of the Trades Council, as the sentiment is growing stronger every hour in that direction. But it is positive the selection will be made next Tuesday evening.

THE NEWS certainly hopes that sufficient encouragement will be offered the home men to hold the celebration here.

Notes.

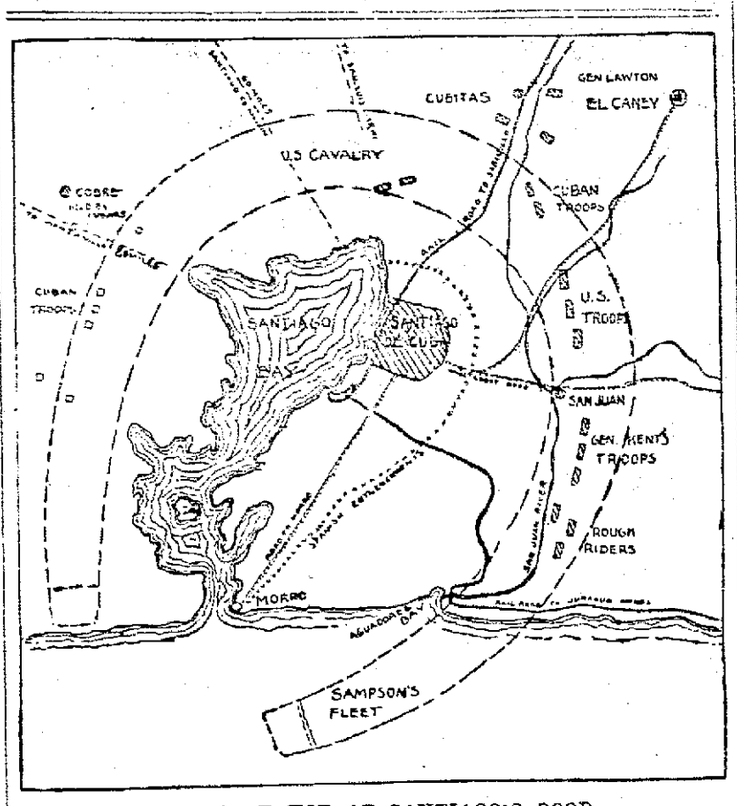
A. H. Deck, who has for quite a while been in the employ of the Manhattan Oil Company, has opened up a blacksmith and repairing shop of his own in the alley, S. E. corner of the square and Union street. He says work is flowing in on him in a regular stream.

The moulders held a splendid meeting last night at Council hall, with three more new applicants in tow, all of whom after entering their names on the roster of the union, handed the same names to the labor editor to be placed on the subscription list of the laborer's friend—THE NEWS.

The Federal Union met Wednesday night. The president called the meeting to order, and Secretary Stewart, after making a brief report of work done since last meeting, offered a motion to adjourn until next Wednesday in order to vacate the hall for the Labor Day committee, who were waiting outside until their meeting adjourned.

The Chief Burgess of Milesburg, Pa., says DeWitt's Little Early Risers are the best pills he ever used in his family during forty years of house keeping. They cure constipation, sick headache and stomach and liver troubles. Small in size but great in results. H. F. Vortcamp, north east corner North and Main.

When the delivery of the News is irregular please make complaint to the office. It would be a favor to the management.



THE HORSESHOE AT SANTIAGO'S DOOR

Richard Harding Davis reports that the American lines around Santiago are now in the shape of a horseshoe, five miles in length.

WHAT DO YOU WANT.

If you want help—a situation, have something to sell or rent, or if you wish to buy something, remember that a "want" in the NEWS costs much less than in any other paper and will bring you more answers than in all the other papers in the aggregate. If you want a girl, you are sure to find a good one through a "want" in THE NEWS. A lady had a want in the Times a week and got no girl. She placed it in THE NEWS, and before 8 p. m. had several applications and secured a first-class girl.

$1.00 Excursion to Fort Wayne Next Sunday From Lima.

Special train leaves via. Pennsylvania Lines at 7:30 a. m., central time, July 17, returning leave Fort Wayne at 8 p. m. All day in the city to visit friends, see the sights, go to the parks or on the lake.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENNY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by that firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

G. E. BLUEM | 57 PUBLIC SQUARE. | G. E. BLUEM.

PARASOL PLUMS.

It's harvest time now in the sunshade stock, and we don't propose to be caught napping. Price reductions prevail---liberal reductions made with a view to closing out the stock while the demand is at its height.

Fancy Parasols at $1.00, worth $1.75.
Fancy Parasols at 1.25, worth 1.75.
Fancy Parasols at 1.50, worth 2.25.
Fancy Parasols at 1.75, worth 2.50.
Fancy Parasols at 2.00, worth 3.00.
Fancy Parasols at 2.50, worth 4.00.
Fancy Parasols at 3.50, worth 5.00.
Fancy Parasols at 5.00, worth 6.50.

Remnants of Summer Wash Goods

Quite a large lot of Choice Summer Wash Goods Remnants will be put on sale tomorrow. Remnants at half and less than half of their regular selling price.

EMBROIDERY SALE

4 1-2 yards strips of Embroideries at 1-3 and 1-2 less than their regular values. Two hundred styles to select from.

You cannot hesitate now---the values wont allow it. Every lady ought to see these 4 1-2 yards strips of Embroideries. You may not need them for the present, but it may pay you to secure such a bargain as these now.

G. E. BLUEM.

57 Public Square.

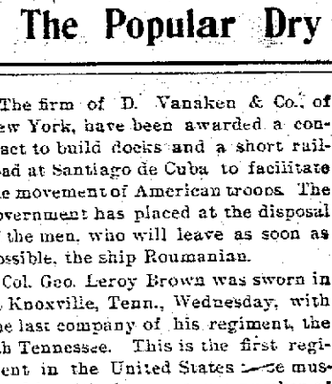
The Popular Dry Goods, Dress Goods and Suit House.

The firm of D. Vanaken & Co. of New York, have been awarded a contract to build docks and a short railroad at Santiago de Cuba to facilitate the movement of American troops. The government has placed at the disposal of the men, who will leave as soon as possible, the ship Roumanian.

Col. Geo. Leroy Brown was sworn in at Knoxville, Tenn., Wednesday, with the last company of his regiment, the 4th Tennessee. This is the first regiment in the United States to be mustered in with the maximum number of enlisted men and the first to be mustered in under the second call.

Gen. Blanco says the living conditions in Havana are constantly growing worse, the greatest distress necessarily falling on the Cubans, because nearly all the food is seized for the troops. Of those there are about 70,000 in the city, consisting of volunteers, mobilized troops, militia and regulars.

Owing to the probability that a republican rising in Spain would be followed by a similar movement in Portugal, the Portuguese government is preparing to take energetic measures, such as sending Portuguese troops to the Spanish frontier and calling out the reserves in the event of disorders in Spain.



The Fat Man

Whose healthy plumpness stands out unpleasantly in ready-made garments, too tight here, too loose there, can be made to look much slimmer if he has his clothes made especially for him. The same thing applies to the short man and the lean man. It may soon be a small matter, but it makes a great deal of difference in a man's appearance whether his clothes were made for him or whether they were made to fit the average. If he's the average—they fit him—if he's not, they don't.

SHERMAN WERNER & CO.,
308 North Main St.

DRINK THE BEST AND ONLY . . . . **BEER**

BREWED BY THE

Christain Moerlein Brewing Company,

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Barbarosa and National Export, the Queen of Beers.

FAMILY TRADE SOLICITED.

Office, 214 East Market Street.

TELEPHONE NO. 124.

T. C. SULLIVAN, General Agent

For a Summer Cruise . . . take the **Coast Line to Mackinac**

NEW STEEL PASSENGER STEAMERS.

SPEED, COMFORT AND SAFETY

The Greatest Perfection yet attained in Boat Construction. Luxurious Equipment, Artistic Furnishing, Decoration and Efficient Service.

To Detroit, Mackinac, Georgian Bay, Petoskey, Chicago.

No other Line offers a Panorama of 460 miles of equal variety and interest.

Four Trips per Week Between **Toledo, Detroit and Mackinac** PETOSKEY, "THE SOO," MARQUETTE AND DULUTH.

LOW RATES to Picturesque Mackinac and Return, including Meals and Berths. Approximate Cost from Cleveland, $17; from Toledo, $14; from Detroit, $12.50.

Every Day and Night Between **Cleveland, Put-in-Bay and Toledo.**

Day and Night Service Between **DETROIT AND CLEVELAND**

Fare, $1.50 Both Directions. Berths, 75c., $1. Stateroom, $1.75.

Connections are made at Cleveland with Earliest Trains for all points East, South and Southwest, and at Detroit for all points North and Northwest.

Sunday Trips June, July, August, September and October Only.

Send 2c. for Illustrated Pamphlet. Address A. A. SCHANTZ, G. P. A., DETROIT, MICH.

Detroit and Cleveland Navigation Company.

To Michigan via Fort Wayne.

Under new schedule, Train No. 9 over the Fort Wayne Route has daily except Sunday connection at Ft. Wayne with through train over the Grand Rapids & Indiana Railway for Michigan points. The arriving time of Train No. 9 at Fort Wayne is 4:25 p. m. The connecting train departs from the same station at 4:35 p. m., and reaches Kendallville 5:35 p. m., Sturgis 6:39 p. m. Kalamazoo 8:05 p. m., Grand Rapids 9:45 p. m., Petosky 5:45 a. m., Mackinaw City 7:15 a. m. Steamer connection from Mackinaw City arrives Mackinac Island 8:30 a. m. For particulars, about low rate Tourist Tickets to Michigan resorts over this route, apply to nearest Ticket Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines, or address C. L. KIMBALL, A. G. P. Agt., Cleveland, O. 2wjuly30

When Your Laundry

Comes home with the bosom slimsy and minus near every button; it is your own fault if you neglect to hunt up a laundry that is careful about these details.

We are NO. 212 East Market street. Both 'phones; call NO. 35, we will send for your laundry and send it back to you in up-to-date style quicker than any laundry in town.

ENTERPRISE LAUNDRY.

Dr. and Mrs. Dr. Murphy,

Physician and Accoucheurs.

Devote special attention to family practice and to the ladies during the lying-in. Confinement charges $5.00, including attendance during the usual nine days. Calls promptly attended day and night. Office and Residence, 619 North Main Street. Bell Telephone, 247.

NEW YORK

Umbrella Hospital

Re-Covering and Repairing. New Umbrellas and Parasols made to order on short notice. Walking Canes Re-Ferruled. Work guaranteed or money refunded. Baby Carriage Parasols a specialty. Baby Cabs for hire. Drop a postal and we will call. Goods delivered free of charge.

F. J. SHAVELIAR & CO.

"Northeast Corner Public Square" Lima

Steam and Hot Water Heating

Pluming and gas fitting, Sinks, cistern pumps, lawn hose, hose reels and hose nozzles. Also agents for the Cleveland beer pumps and all beer pump supplies. Incandescent gas lamps 75c, complete.

J. M. McVEY,

119 E Hight Street

RHEUMATIC! A Guaranteed Cure for Rheumatism for sale by Hover's and J. N. Cunningham. m19ly

Don't fail to read the want ads in THE NEWS. You will find something there of interest to you.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

LIMA DAILY NEWS.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON

(EXCEPT SUNDAY)

E. W. JACKSON, President.

J. S. FINNELL L. S. GALVIN

Editors and Managers.

No. 316 NORTH MAIN STREET

THE NEWS is served by carriers in Lima at 10 cents a week. Orders for delivery can be sent by post or through telephone No. 417. Where delivery is irregular, please report immediately to the office.

TELEPHONES NO. 417.

For rates of advertising or other information, address The Lima Daily News, Lima, O.

Entered at the Postoffice at Lima, Ohio, as second-class matter.

UNION LABEL

NOTICE.

Where delivery of paper is irregular please report immediately to this office, or phone '417.

THE NEWS' WAR ISSUE.

The most important event in war circles for a long time was the surrender yesterday afternoon of Santiago. The surrender was made about 3:30 o'clock, and within thirty minutes the boys were selling THE LIMA NEWS all over the city. It was the first paper to announce the surrender in Lima, our worthy evening contemporary failing to connect for fully three-quarters of an hour after the publication of the first edition of THE NEWS. It was a model war issue, and was in great demand, the street sales amounting to over nine hundred copies. It was an effort highly appreciated by NEWS' readers and the public in general, and many bouquets were left with us this morning.

HOW MUCH FROM SPAIN.

The talk of peace has become very general and interesting. Two months of war has taught Spain the utter futility of a future struggle, and it only needs the return of reason to the people of that kingdom to permit the cessation of hostilities. In this connection one of the most interesting questions to be decided as a basis of peace is that of indemnity. The war was, it is true, undertaken with a humanitarian view, and there are some classes of citizens who will contend that the question of a war indemnity is not to be considered: that if Spain will evacuate Cuba this country will have attained its object, and will have nothing more to expect. But it should not be forgotten that this war has cost the American people many precious lives and hundreds of millions in treasure, and the basis is strong for the demand of a large indemnity. A glance over the war indemnities exacted after the other wars of modern times will give an idea of what may be expected in this line. The Globe Democrat gives the figures of the demands made by various victorious nations. At the end of the last war with Turkey, Russia demanded a money indemnity of $125,000,000, but finally accepted territory and reduced the cash indemnity to $75,000,000. When Prussia defeated Austria in 1866 the indemnity included territorial concessions and $40,000,000 in money. The indemnity following the last war between Germany and France was enormous, consisting of provinces and fortresses, in addition to $1,000,000,000 in cash. Originally the German claim was for $200,000,000 more, but a discount was allowed for the cession of Metz. When Japan defeated China a few years ago it received a money indemnity of $175,000,000. Still more recently Turkey obtained a strip of territory and $20,000,000 from Greece. At the end of its war with Mexico the United States claimed a wide stretch of territory, consisting of California and New Mexico. We demanded no cash and, in fact, paid $15,000,000 to settle the boundaries satisfactorily to ourselves.

Obstinacy on the part of Spain will unquestionably add to our coming demand. That country has no adviser who will not tell it that further waste of life is wanton. If it could defeat one of our armies the eventual result would not be changed. The war will cost this country at least $500,000,000. Had Spain been willing to grant freedom to Cuba on any reasonable terms there would have been no war. But it would listen to no proposition to give up its sovereignty in the island peacefully. By appealing to the sword all of its colonies have become involved. Our troops are in Cuba and the Philippines, and our blockaders are at the capital of Porto Rico. The Spanish navy is ruined. The Spanish armies in the colonies are suffering for supplies. Each succeeding day makes the situation worse for the enemy, and also adds to the large indemnity which will certainly be required.

SURRENDERED.

CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.

must include the removal of the mines in the harbor and possession by Americans of all forts that have fired upon our ships.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—"Santiago surrendered at three," is the significant official announcement that reached the president at 5:06 Thursday afternoon. It came in a dispatch from a signal service official at Playa del Este and told the result of the meeting of the capitulation commissioners in the most brief and concise form of any of the numerous dispatches laid before the president during the day. The dispatch was well ahead of the official message from Shafter. Santiago time is 55 minutes ahead of Washington which accounts for the quick receipt of the result, the commissioners not meeting until 2:30. A few minutes after this message had come to the president, the following was received by Chief Signal Service Officer Greely:

"PLAYA. Gen. Greely, Washington

"Santiago has surrendered.

"JONES."

NEW YORK, July 15.—The federal censor in New York, Mr. Grant Squires, stated at 3:15 p. m. Thursday that official announcement might be made that the surrender of Santiago had been verified, and at exactly 3 o'clock Thursday afternoon the city was formally turned over to us.

Spain surrenders on the terms dictated by the United States.

The troops embraced in the surrender are estimated to be about 12,000 in number. The one condition granted is that they shall be sent back to Spain.

There is great rejoicing at the white house and at the war and navy departments.

The end of the long siege so trying to the American troops and so fatal to many of them is now at an end, and the president and all the government officials under him feel greatly relieved. The victory is complete, and it has been gained without the loss of a single vessel of the American navy.

The territory embraced in the surrender of Santiago is a triangle, composing the eastern point of Cuba, with a coast line on the south of 120 miles from Acerraderos to Cape Maysi, and on the north 75 miles from Cape Mayst to Sagua de Tanamo. From Sagua back to Acerraderos is a distance of about one hundred miles. Several important towns are included in the surrender, but Holquin and Manzanillo are left well within Spanish territory.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—The war department has received the following dispatch from Gen. Miles written apparently before the final surrender of Santiago at 8 o'clock:

PLAYA, July 15.—Secretary of War, Washington:

BEFORE SANTIAGO, July 15.—Gen. Toral formally surrendered the troops of his army—troops and division of Santiago—on the terms and understanding that his troops shall be returned to Spain.

Gen. Shafter will appoint commissioners to draw up the conditions of arrangements for carrying out the terms of surrender. This is very gratifying and Gen. Shafter and the officers and men of this command are entitled to great credit for their sincerity and fortitude in overcoming the almost insuperable obstacles which they encountered. A portion of the army has been infected with yellow fever and efforts will be made to separate those who are infected and those who are free, and to keep those who are still on board ship separated from those on shore. Arrangements will be immediately made for carrying out further instructions of the president and yourself.

NELSON A. MILES,

Major General of the Army.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—There was considerable disappointment in administration circles because no details concerning the surrender of Santiago were received. Secretary Alger and Secretary Wilson remained with the president until 1:10 a. m., and when they left said that not a word had been received during the evening.

The president was gratified that the surrender had occurred, but was anxious for more details. During the evening numerous telegrams were received from different parts of the country congratulating the president upon the success of the operations at Santiago, some of them stating that bonfires were blazing in celebration of the news.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—At 12:30 o'clock Thursday night Adjt. Gen. Corbin stated that the war department had received no further advices from Gen. Shafter.

The Spanish forces surrendered at Santiago will not be taken back to Spain in American vessels unless there is an official pledge for the safety of our craft and their crews. Secretary Alger had no hesitancy in saying Thursday that he doubted if Spain wanted the prisoners brought back there, and said that if transported in our own vessels and without some agreement with the Spanish representatives Spain would not refrain from seizing them. It is a very knotty problem which will be tackled by the commissioners arranging the capitulation under the directions of the authorities here.

The plan of the war department for returning the surrendered army of Gen. Toral to Spain will not necessitate the use of American vessels. It is the purpose of the department to ask for proposals from all steamship companies which desire to compete for transporting the Spanish troops to Spain and the most advantageous bid will be accepted. The advices of Gen. Shafter state that the number of Spanish prisoners will be between 12,000 and 15,000.

CONVICT CASES

Several of Them Favorably Acted Upon By the Board

Of Pardons—The Paragon Refining Company Strikes a Gusher Near Toledo—Big Wheat Yield.

Special to The News:

COLUMBUS, O., July 15.—The state board of pardons was in session in the private room of Gov. Bushnell Thursday morning, hearing committee reports on cases.

The following cases were recommended for pardon:

James Beals, Lawrence county, May, 1896, 10 years, shooting to kill, commuted to 5 years.

Charles Graham, Wood county, September, 1897, horse stealing, two years, pardon on condition that he leave the state.

Lewis Ellis, Highland county, January, 1895, eight years, cutting to kill, commutation to five years.

William Moore, Franklin county, January, 1897, 12 years, cutting to kill, commuted to two years. He was serving a sentence for burglary, and commenced his sentence last December.

William Gibson, Cuyahoga county, February, 1896, five years, receiving stolen property.

Herman Fertell, Cuyahoga county, December, 1896, three years, burglary.

Stephen Lease, Logan county, February, 1898, one and one-half years, shooting to wound.

For the Brice Lines.

AKRON, O., July 15.—The contracts for grading the eastern extension of the Brice lines, from Akron to Newcastle were awarded to D. D. Streeter & Co., of Chicago, and Ryan & McDonald, of New York. Work is to commence on Monday and the line must be ready for rails by fall. It will parallel the P. & W. railroad from Cuyahoga Falls east, and Brice is said to have secured control of the last named line.

The News at Delaware.

DELAWARE, O., July 15.—Upon receipt of the news of the surrender of Santiago Thursday afternoon all the bells and whistles in the city were rung and blown, as had been agreed upon by proclamation of the mayor. Business was suspended and every one turned out to celebrate. In the evening a general celebration was held on the streets.

Offered the Archdeaconship.

WARREN, O., July 15.—Bishop W. A. Leonard Thursday offered to Rev. A. A. Abbott, of this city, the position of successor to W. M. Brown as archdeacon of the Episcopal diocese of Ohio. Rev. Mr. Abbott has the matter under consideration. He has suggested certain changes as to terms, and, if satisfactory, will accept.

Will Be Made Secretary.

MASSILLON, O., July 15.—Robert P. Skinner, United States consul to Marseilles, France, formerly editor of the Independent, of Massillon, writes that he will probably be made first secretary of legation in Japan. The position has been offered him by President McKinley, and he will probably accept.

New Bank at Toledo.

TOLEDO, O., July 15.—That portion of Toledo known as Auburndale is to have a new bank. The cash capital of the new concern will be about $150,000, and it will open its doors for business August 1. Incorporation papers will be forwarded to Columbus this week.

Big Wheat Yield.

TIFFIN, O., July 15.—Tolman Lutzenberger, a Seneca county farmer, threshed a field of wheat which averaged 39 bushels to the acre and weighed 61 pounds to the bushel on the average. This is the best record in the county this year.

Large Order for Shot.

CUYAHOGA FALLS, O., July 15.—The Falls Rivet & Machine Co., of this place, has received a large order from the government for shrapnel shot and for 8,000 seven-inch Howitzers of 105 pounds each. The works of the company will be enlarged to fill the orders.

An Oil Gusher.

TOLEDO, O., July 15.—The Paragon Refining Co. struck a good well on the Eck farm, in Jerusalem township, about three miles from Toledo. The well produced 540 barrels in 24 hours, and is keeping up splendidly.

Columbus is Growing.

COLUMBUS, O., July 15.—The new directory of this city has just been issued and shows a population of 142,000 for Columbus, using the multiple of 2¼. An annual increase of 2,000 is shown by the directory.

Tailor's Suicide.

CLEVELAND, O., July 15.—Albert Lucas, aged 58, a tailor's cutter, committed suicide Thursday by hanging himself. He had been employed by E. Rheinheimer for 30 years and was discharged Wednesday.

Jim Crow Car Resolution.

COLUMBUS, O., July 15.—The Ohio A. M. E. Sunday-school institute Thursday adopted a resolution condemning the transportation of colored troops officered by white officers in Jim Crow cars.

Kicked By a Horse.

BLANCHESTER, O., July 15.—Mrs. Van Young, living near town, was fatally injured Thursday evening by the kick of a horse. She fell from a haymow into the stable.

PRESS COMMENTS.

Chicago Inter-Ocean: The United States navy is constructed principally of iron wills and throbbing hearts of steel.

† †

Chicago Inter-Ocean: Lieutenant Hobson and his companions are now safe inside the American lines and within reach of the press clipping bureau.

† †

As a fitting supplement to the magnificent work of the navy in eastern and western waters comes the downfall of Santiago and the loss to Spain of the eastern end of Cuba.

† †

Marion Star: The weather man has the thanks of us farmers for a perfect haying season. Any unkind things we have heretofore said are regretted, and if he will only keep the corn moistened we will all try to be good.

† †

The exhibitions at Manila and Santiago are being taken to heart in St. Petersburg, Vienna, Berlin and Paris. London merely leans back and laughs. American battle ships and American seamen mean more than they did three months ago.

It Will Pay

To go to Francis New Shoe Store for your Shoes. Everything new and up to date. Not an old Shoe in the stock. High grade Shoes at low grade prices. For genuine bargains in Shoes you must find Francis' New Shoe Store, Red Front, S. W. Cor. Square. 2

Win your battles against disease by acting promptly. One Minute Cough Cure produces immediate results. When taken early it prevents consumption. And in later stages it furnishes prompt relief. H. F. Vortkamp, northeast corner Main and North.

Don't fail to read the want ads. in THE NEWS. You will find something there of interest to you. tf

LAST DAYS OF THE

Railroad Wreck Sale!

SAVE THIS AND WAIT UNTIL

Saturday, July 16th, at 9 a. m.

Beginning Satutday, July 16, at 9:30 a. m., the remainder of the stock of the Railroad Co., consisting of $385,000 worth of Clothing, Shoes, Hats, etc., will be closed out at your own price. The building 302 North Main street, is now closed and a large force of salesmen are now marking down the entire stock. This sale will last for a short time only as the bargains Will Go Quickly. The company must have a settlement, consequently the entire stock will be sold at retail, beginning Saturday, July 16, at 9 a. m.

AT YOUR OWN PRICE.

No sale of this kind has ever occured, and it may never occur again. Avail yourselves now of the bargains to be offered. Below we quote a few of our many bargains:

CLOTHING.

A fine Suit of Men's Clothes, all to match $2.98, worth $12.50. Fine Suit for Men in Scotch Plaids, Cheviots, etc., $5.49, worth $18.00. (This suit must be seen to be appreciated; ask to see it.) Men's good working Pants, only a few pair left, 68c, worth $1.50. Men's fine Dress Pants, 98c, worth $3.00. Men's extra fine Pants, $1.40, worth $5.00. Boys Suits, all to match, 49c, worth $3.00. Boys' wool Pants, 17c, worth $1.00.

SHOES.

Men's fine Dress Shoes, latest shades, 98c, worth $2.50. Men's finest Dress Shoes, latest shapes, $1.49, worth $3.50. Men's fine Cork Sole Shoes, $1.98, actually worth $5.00. Boy's fine Shoes 84c, actually worth $.250. Ladies' fine French Kid Shoes go for $1.49, worth $5.00. Men's odd Vests, about 200 in all, you can have pick for 39c. And, re-member, 30,000 other bargains to numerohs to mention.

FURNISHING GOODS.

Men's Hats, Stetson's shapes, 69c, worth $3.50. Fine Handkerchiefs, 3c, worth 25c. Men's fine Suspenders, Silk embroidered, 9c, worth 75c. Men's good Socks, 3c, worth 25c. Men's Underwear in Lisle and Silk Lisle, 33c, worth $1.50. Neckties, over 5,000, 17c, worth 50c. And 30,000 other articles we cannot mention here.

It will pay you to come 200 miles to visit this sale, and, if you value money, don't miss it. Sale positively begins Saturday, July 16, at 9 a. m.

This will be a rare chance to secure your WINTER CLOTHING. We have 500 MEN'S OVERCOATS, in Kerseys, Vorumbo and Carr XXX Beavers, that you can buy at 23c on the dollar.

Over 700 Men's fine Shirts that have been slightly soiled from handling, 21c, worth $1.50.

This is the BIGGEST BARGAIN SALE that has ever occurred in this country. Don't miss it. Opens Saturday, July 16, at 9 a. m., and continues for a short time only.

Railroad Wreck Sale,

Metropolitan Block, 302 North Main Street, Opposite Court House, Lima, Ohio.

ABOUT COMPLETE

Are the Plans For the Construction of a New Railroad

Out of This City—The Faurot Roadbed Between This City and Defiance Will be Utilized—Eastern Capitalists in This City.

After many years of delay and waiting, at present it looks as though the railroad from Columbus and Lima, thence northwest to the lakes, will be built.

It will be remembered by the citizens of this city how the plans were outlined some years ago, the work of grading was begun and completed between this city and Defiance. The right of way was secured all along the line, and the completion of the road was almost assured, when of a sudden there was a hitch and the best laid schemes "of mice and men gang aft agla," the work was stopped and for years ostensably nothing has been done, but in reality, such was not the case. the original promoters of the road have not lost sight of their purpose even for an instant, and through these long years they have labored quietly and at last to all appearances they have succeeded. Eastern capital has been interested in the building of the road and it is said by those who are on the inside that the work will be begun on the tracks between this city and Defiance in a short time and that trains will be running between the above named places before October.

There was a meeting of the prospective owners in the office of B. C. Faurot today. They were in continuous session and it is supposed they are organizing a new corporation, which will come under the general law, and it will be possible for them to have their charter in a short time.

The original route of the road was from Columbus to this city, thence northward to the lakes, in hope of establishing direct communicatino with Milwaukee. The road, if built to its intended terminus, will be of great value to this city and will materially affect business interests here.

All Lima needs is a few more good railroads, and it will be on of the great centers of the country.

Melons on ice at Elmer Crossley's.

Water Works Notice.

The hours for sprinkling are from 6 a.m. to 8 a.m., and from 5 p.m. to 8:30 p.m. No one is permitted to sprinkle lawn or street unless they have a permit from the water works office. A lawn permit does not include street. Anyone sprinkling during other hours, or sprinkling lawn or street without a permit, water will be shut off from those premises.

2t10 THE WATER WORKS BOARD.

WANTS

All notices inserted in this column must be paid for in advance. Twenty-five cents is charged for one insertion and 35c for three insertions.

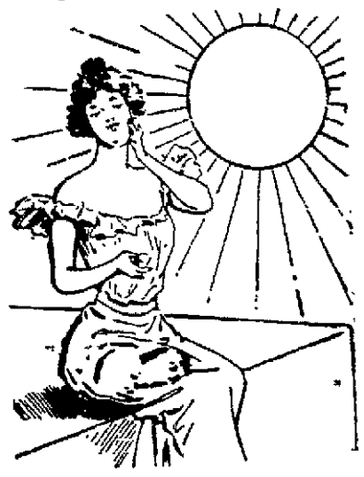
WANTED—A competent girl for general housework in a small family. Good wages. MRS. W. I. PARMENTER, 98 West Market street. 9t3

FOR SALE—DISPLAY CARDS—At the NEWS office, "Furnished Rooms," "For Sale" and "For Rent." tf

TO LET—Good, clean kept furnished rooms for sleeping purposes at reasonable prices, one-half square from opera house. Address "Rooms," News Office.

FOR RENT—A house of 12 rooms to rent, next door east of Gazette Block. Inquire of [illegible]

SENSIBLE WOMEN.



Ideas are different now than a few years ago. People used to think it was wrong to put cosmetics on the face. Now every woman of judgment and taste will have some preparation at hand to assist in taking off the tan or roughness. It is better than letting it wear off. Better, too, than letting it stay on. We have the best remedy in our Creams. Ladies all endorse it.

ENTERPRISE DRUG STORE.

OPEN ALL NIGHT

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

BELTS

AT REDUCED PRICES.

$1.50 Belts reduced to 98c.
$1.25 Belts reduced to 89c.
75c Belts reduced to 50c.
50c Belts reduced to 39c.

Carroll & Cooney.

OF FEMININE INTEREST.

Many of the shirt waists turned out by fashionable dressmaking establishments are made accordion plaited. To produce this accordion plaiting you can resort to a simple method which is very effective. When you cut out the goods allow an extra half width if you are going to accordion plait it. Now gather across the top and fasten your thread. Turn the goods around and gather along the lower edge, taking care to

A BAREGE DRESS.

gather it in an opposite direction. This, by some curious trick of the needle, gives the effect of accordion plaiting. Try it and you will see how the little gathers fall in place as they would not do if you were to gather in the same direction top and bottom.

A handsome gown can be made princess fashion trimmed with ruffles of liberty silk. About three yards of silk on the bias are needed. Each yard can be cut in five strips. Shape the ruffles and set them upon the skirt with mathematical precision. These ruffles are called Spanish ruffles and a dress trimmed with them is specially intended for the back view.

HELEN GREY-PAGE.

* *

This is a happy event on the calendar for today:

July 15, 1898.
Ray will be pleased
to
Entertain you from
two till five,
in
Honor of his
7th birthday anniversary.
Mrs. W. R Crimmel,
830 West North.

* *

Miss Lenore Vail has issued invitations for an evening of amusement for Saturday.

* *

The Spinet Club is in business session at Mrs. C. L. Dalzell's this afternoon.

* *

Tonight the teachers of Trinity Sunday school will receive their friends at a lawn party. Music and summer dainties will be among the pleasures of the evening.

* *

Tuesday Mrs. D. C. Henderson honored the Misses Dixon by a dainty tea, inviting some old acquaintances to while away a couple of hours in social chat.

* *

Miss Edna Burton was hostess for a merry crowd of young people last evening, consisting of Messrs. Bresler, Hover, McLaughlin, Morris, Ashton, Banta and Meily, and Misses Waldo, Payne, Robinson, Leete, Finley and Downing. Cards, dancing, refreshing viands, made up a most glorious evening.

* *

The committee on programs for the Arbutus Club met Wednesday with Mrs. M. E. Sealts and arranged their work for next season.

* *

The South Side Merry Makers are still rejoicing over their picnic at McBeth's Tuesday. It was such a success that they are quietly planning for another.

* *

On Wednesday Mr. and Mrs. Frank Banta, the Misses Holland, Mrs. Edward J. Riley, and Miss Clark, of London, O., Miss May Boone, of Pottsville, Pa., Miss Frances Boone, Miss Olive Grafton, Mr. Kent Holland and Mr. Ed Kirk, with well filled baskets, lunched in the shade at Hover's, enjoying other amusements afforded them at this favorite resort.

* *

Thirty-three happy little ones enjoyed an afternoon Wednesday on the lawn of the Neely home, Miss Edna being the hostess. Souvenirs in the shape of baskets filled with bon bons were the pretty favors for each guest. Beneath a large tent on the back lawn a toothsome supper was served at 5, this concluding a perfect evening.

* *

Twenty ladies en masque called on Mrs. W. H. Woolery in her new home on west Spring street last evening. It was a long time before the surprised hostess was able to tell who the welcome intruders might be. Merriment ran high and the hour of parting was with regret.

* *

Titian-haired women, of all their sex, should be careful in the colors they put near their red-gold locks. Orange and cerise are both fashionable and lovely colors, but eschew them, fair Titian.

* *

The residents of Circular street composed a trolly party who rode out to Hover's on Thursday and ate lunch in the cool and lovely park, returning late after a delightful time. The party were Messrs and Mesdames D. Miller, L. Smith, J. Britt, V. Tyler, Simons, McCullen, Clauser, Scott, Gates, Cavens, Cray, John Tyler, T. Morrison, Lamberton, Johnson, Dr. Bowser, F. Lamberton, Bodine, Strekli, Crippen, James Tyler, Robinson, McIntire, MacElroy, of Whiting; Misses Kirkpatrick, Wiseman, Green and Mr. Willower.

STOLE A COW

Because They Wanted Milk---Farmers in Dispute.

The Question Now Is Who Owns The Long Horned Beast—The Case Will be Heard in Atmur's Court.

There was a peculiar case in Squire Atmur's court this morning. The litigating parties all reside in Lafayette, and the difficulty arose about a brindle spangled cow, valued at $35.

It seems some days ago Jerry Batchel, Perry Batchel, his son, and Bert Hawk, the Hired man, went to the home of Daniel Hyer and drove away the cow in question.

The above named parties, Batchel and Hawk, claim the cow as their own property. Hyer says the animal belongs to him and that they have no right to take her away, and has accordingly commenced a criminal action against them.

The parties with their attorneys, appeared in Squire Atmur's court today, and after some little delay all agreed to postpone the case until next Wednesday, when the squire will determine whether or not the cow was stolen, and incidentally to whom it belongs.

Thousands of persons have been cured of piles by using DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It heals promptly and cures eczema and all skin diseases. It gives immediate relief. H. F. Vortkamp, northeast corner Main and North.

THE HIGHWAYS

Reason for the Continued Presence of Ex-Senator Brice

At Akron--Important Items of Interest to C. & E. Employes and Trainmen of Other Local Lines.

BRICE'S NEW ROAD.

There has been not a little speculation among railroad men of late as to the reason for the continued presence of ex-Senator Calvin S. Brice in the vicinity of Youngstown, O. A special from that city says he has established headquarters there and perfected his plans to connect Chicago and New York by rail, utilizing all his sectional lines en route.

One significant thing about the ex-Senator's make-up is that he rarely ever loafs around provincial towns of the West or his native state during the summer—even at his old home in Lima—unless he has some sort of a big project on. It was in Ohio that the millionaire found his first railroad love, the Nickel Plate, and perhaps it is only natural that he should select the Buckeye state as a base for his later operations.

The Youngstown special further says that the ex-Senator has a large corps of engineers at work completing details of the route which contemplates the connection of all the Brice roads between Chicago and Akron, the building of a new road from Cleveland to Akron and through the city to New Castle, thence on east by way of Oil City.

CHICAGO & ERIE NOTES.

A petition is being circulated for the release of Leslie Barnes from the Ohio penitentiary, and is liberally signed by former acquaintances here. Mr. Barnes was once an engineer on the Erie and was sent to the penitentiary from Toledo, Ohio, for alleged perjury in a trial for divorce brought against his wife.

Chief Arthur, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, says that in twenty-two years the percentage of men discharged for excessive use of liquor has decreased from 20 to 1 per cent., and further, as a result, where twenty-five years ago one railroad man owned his home there are ten who own homes and are pleasantly situated.

The Huntington Herald contained the following, which will be of interest to the employes of the Chicago & Erie railroad in this city:

The demand for Pullman cars created by the transportation of troops from New York to San Francisco, has caused a dearth of sleepers on the Erie. One train was run without a sleeper for two weeks.

Business on the Erie road is the dullest it has been for some months. Forty-five engineers and firemen were marked up on the extra list at the engine dispatcher's office, this morning. The Illinois Steel Works of Chicago, has shut down for a month, which cuts off the large shipments of coke from the east. Grain is commencing to move, however, and business is expected to pick up in the course of a couple of weeks.

NOTES.

Hugh Harrod has tendered his resignation with the D. & L. N., effective today, to take a much needed rest.

The contracts for grading the eastern extension of the Brice lines, from Akron to Newcastle, were awarded to D. A. Streeter & Co., of Chicago, and Ryan & McDonald, of New York. Work is to commence on Monday and the line must be ready for rails by fall. It will parallel the P. & W. R. R. from Cuyahoga Falls east.

The new agreement entered into by the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton road and the telegraphers employed by the company was signed yesterday by General Manager Waldo for the road and by the committee representing the men. The main points in the agreement were given in THE NEWS during the recent conference held in Cincinnati between the committee representing the men and the officials of the company.

For some time a statement has been going around to the effect that the Pennsylvania company had taken out large numbers of telegraph instruments and discharged the operators. The story, so far as it has no foundation at all, appears to have arisen from the fact that on the South Fork branch, a seven mile line connecting with the main line at South Fork, Pa., the train dispatcher sends his orders to freight trains by telephone. There are only two passenger trains each way daily.

At town elections in California on April 11, Cloverdale voted for municipal ownership of water and light plants. Modesto went for lower rates on water. Pleasanton had a proposition for water and light plants, a public library and a general license on all business. It failed to carry.

Sample Lot Sale.

We have just received a large lot of Men's, Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes, and the same will be placed on sale tomorrow, Saturday, July 16, at one-third off. These are sample lots and are big bargains. Come and take them while they last.

THE HUB SHOE STORE.

fri&mon

POLICE COURT.

Few Cases Determined Before Mayor Prophet.

The Kissel Case Continued—James Hogan Goes to the Stone Yard —New Cases Heard and Disposed Of.

James Hogan was arrested last night for drunkenness. He was arraigned before Mayor Prophet to-day and fined three dollars and costs, in default of the payment of which he was sent to the stone yard.

In the case of Van Kissel for using indecent language in the presence of Edna Blane the parties appeared in court to-day. Owing to some misunderstanding, however, the case was continued until to-morrow.

Billy Craig swore out a warrant today for the arrest of Kurt Irvin and Al Linsen, charging them with stealing thirty fine pigeons. The case will be be heard to-morrow.

Frank Riley and Dave Davis were bound over by Mayor Prophet to await the action of the grand jury. They could not give bail and were sent to jail.

The colored damsels whose faces have been so familiar to persons passing the the city jail, and who have peered through bars of iron for several days, are not within the bastile any more. Their friends have come to their rescue, and they are now wiser and sadder from their little experience.

Chas. Gladwell, a young man residing in the southern part of the city, was arrested shortly before noon by Officer Bacome for riding a bicycle on the sidewalk. Gladwell said it was impossible for him to pass Main street because of its being so badly torn up. This explanation, while it had a tendency to mitigate the fine, did not entirely suspend it, and Mayor Prophet charged Gladwell $25 for his little experience. He was sent on his way rejoicing.

Heard and Seen.

Passing along a country road, one is impressed that the wheat shocks are a little too close together for a Democratic victory this fall.

A FIXED QUANTITY.

There's one fact about this country
Other nations note with care;
When we plant our glorious banner
It must stay right there.

The eleventh annual reunion of the Hover-Adgate family will be held this year at Hover Park, Thursday, August 18th. The outlook is for one of the best meetings yet held.

The Agnes Leone Gamble Company with the same cast as presented "Miralda" at the Faurot opera house on Wednesday night, will go to Ada and reproduce the same show Saturday night.

Jim and Lou Cory, who are at present enjoying their summer vacation at Snow Islands, write they are catching all the fish in the lake. They have sent some fine ones home, and remembered their friends. The boys complain of the extremely cold weather. They should be in this city a few days, then perhaps they might appreciate a cold day.

Cridersville is to have a new water works system. Some of the leading citizens of the village were in the city last night getting facts and figures on the cost and plans of building. The work will begin at once and the works completed before the snow flies. The village at present has no protection from fire.

A pleasant surprise was given at the residence of Mr. Peter Reber last night. Peter was the victim. He enjoyed the surprise, however, and everybody had a good time.

The rain coming as it did last night was the most welcome of all visitors. The corn at this particular period was greatly in need of rain, and besides the good received by our country brethren, people throughout the city were generally benefitted, besides cooling the air and washing the streets, it saved many lawns, which were being burned up by excessive heat, and will now be saved by the timely rain.

Billy Costello, one of the oldest and perhaps best known of the Ohio Southern conductors, stole a march on his bachelor friends recently and quietly took unto himself a wife. The boys are all throwing bouquets at Billy, and he is responding with good cigars.

Bonnie Morris, the 13-year-old daughter of Frank Morris, made the best time ever made by any person of her age and experience as a rider, between this city and Dayton yesterday. She left the Gem City shortly before 6 in the morning and arrived here at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, the entire distance being about 75 miles.

Spring Lamb at Elmer Crossley's.

Economy Basement.

Here you always find a well selected stock of reliable household goods at prices not to be found elsewhere in this city for goods of like quality.

Coffee Pots.

Made of good quality of tin, patent bottom, enameled knob.

2 quart size..... 9c
3 " " 10c
4 " " 12c

Granite Coffee Pots—
2 quart size..... 25c
3 " " 30c
4 " " 35c

Tin Cups, 3 for..... 5c
Pie Pans, deep, 2 for..... 5c
Mountain Cake Pans at..... 4c
Cookie Cutter, fluted edges.. 3c

Lipped Sauce Pans.

Retinned, extra heavy tin, long, retinned iron handle.

Size 14..... 5c
" 16..... 6c
" 18..... 8c
" 20..... 10c

Galvanized Wash Tubs..... 50c
10-quart Galvanized Bucket 15c
A good Wash Board for..... 10c
A much better one for..... 15c
Clothes Lines for..... 10c
6 dozen Clothes Pins for..... 5c
12 bars good Laundry Soap for..... 25c
8 boxes best Ball Bluing for. 10c
Ammonia, per bottle..... 10c
Dish Pans, each..... 10c
4-quart Pudding Pans, each. 5c
A high grade Ink Tablet for.. 5c
25 high grade Envelopes for.. 5c

Wash Basins.

Stamped from a good quality tin.

9½ inches in diameter, 2 for.. 5c
11½ " " 5c
13½ " " 7c

Nutmeg Graters, each..... 1c
Vegetable Graters, large size each..... 5c
Pot Covers, all sizes, each... 4c
Wire Egg Beaters, each..... 2c
Dover Egg Beaters, each..... 7c

Covered Buckets.

Made of best quality standard tin.

1-quart size..... 4c
2 " " 5c
" " 8c
10 " " extra special..... 10c

Dust Pans.

Full sheet, well made and japanned, price 7c each.

Chair Bottoms, each..... 5c
Carpet Tacks, 6 boxes for..... 5c
Sham Holders for..... 10c
Fly Paper, 3 double sheets for 5c
Best Mason Jars, per doz..... 60c
Mason Jar Rubbers, per doz. 3c
Jelly Glasses, per doz..... 15c
Tin Lids for glass jars, per dozen..... 3c
The Decoy Roach and Water Bug Trap, each..... 25c
Lead Pencils, per doz..... 3c
Pen and Penholder, each..... 1c
No. 8 Iron Skillet, each..... 21c

Visit the lightest and coolest trading place in the city---the Economy Basement---often.

FELTZ BROS. & CO.

POOR DELLA

Is Weary of Double Harness and Wants to be Hooked

Alone--She Says She is Weary of Running a One-Horse Inebriate Home on the Installment Plan--Court House News.

Della Fisk has filed a divorce petition against her husband, Geo. Fisk. The petition states they were married in this city about fourteen years ago and the plaintiff, according to her own statement, says that her life has been one continuous torch light procession or a sort of "madi gras" festival. She also avers that she is tired of running a one horse inebriate home on the installment plan.

The plaintiff says one child has resulted from the union and in her petition she asks for the custody of the little one and proper provision for its support.

She asks for a complete dissolution of the bonds of wedlock and asks to restored to her maiden name and made statue quo as near as possible.

COMMON PLEAS.

In the court of common pleas the Ohio National Bank has filed a suit against Elias P. Irwin and Nancy P. Irwin for money and equitable relief.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Frank A. Huffman has conveyed to Domenic C. Cantiney lot 2343 in Watts' addition to the city of Lima for $400.

Visit the Hub Today.

The big and slashing cut sale inaugurated by the HUB SHOE STORE is attracting hosts of bargain hunters. The rush occasioned by the sale has necessitated the employment of additional help to wait on the many customers. With the additional salesmen all customers can be waited on promptly tomorrow.

Home killed meat at Elmer Crossley's.

Sick headache, biliousness, constipation and all liver and stomach troubles can be quickly cured by using those famous little pills known as DeWitt's Little Early Risers. They are pleasant to take and never gripe. H. F. Vortkamp, north east corner North and Main.

THE LIMA CITY BAND

At Riverside Park, Quincy, Ohio, Sunday, July 17th.

The Ohio Southern will sell excursion tickets for the above occasion. Only 50c for the round trip. Trains will leave Wayne street station at 9 a. m. and 1:30 p. m. 9t3

EXCURSION TO MUNCIE.

Sunday, July 17th, via L. E. & W. Railroad.

Special train will leave Lima at 6:30 a. m. Fare for round trip $1.00. The singing societies of all the principal cities of Indiana and Ohio will have a grand Saengerfest and Festival of Song at Muncie on this date. Chorus of 600 voices. 9t2

JUST RECEIVED,

Regulation Hat . . . .

AS WORN IN ARMY. FOR SALE AT

Hofeller's.

NewspaperARCHIVE®
NewspaperARCHIVE®

OUR COLORS.

Red! 'tis the hue of battle,
The p[illegible]
[illegible] light [illegible]
[illegible] brave and true.
"Then [illegible] banner,"
Cloth Freedom [illegible] land,
And when [illegible] forth to war,
This sign be in their hand.

White! 'tis the sight of purity,
Of ever [illegible] train;
The [illegible] of [illegible] blood,
The stainless mind of youth.
They paint with [illegible] banner,
And [illegible] as northern snow
May these our stately children
In truth and honor go.

Blue! 'tis the tint of heaven,
The morning's gold-[illegible] arch,
The [illegible] deeps of [illegible],
The stars' unending march
[illegible] with [illegible] banner,
[illegible] bid thy children raise
At daybreak, noon, and eventide
Their hymn of love and praise.

[illegible] and truth and righteousness,
[illegible] threefold strength to-day
[illegible] high the flag triumphant,
[illegible] banner glad and gay
"[illegible] keep thou well thy colors,"
[illegible] Freedom to the Land,
[illegible] against a world of evil
[illegible] sons and thou shalt stand."

—Mrs. E. Richards, in Youth's Companion.

LUCKY AND BRAVE LITTLE BANTAM.

[illegible] as Much as a Dog and Defeated Two Big Spanish Cocks.

—Copyright, 1898.

BELIEVE every American boy intensely admires a gallant fighter [illegible] man or bird or beast. Doubtless [illegible]—being just a plain boy and not [illegible] angel—now and then carries this [illegible] too far; but in the main it [illegible] good thing. It is this bold, chivalrous temper that fills our ranks and our ships in the hour of need. [illegible] makes our country invincible on [illegible] and sea. So my advice to parents [illegible] be, restrain it within due bounds, [illegible] careful not to stamp it out. [illegible] body knows that Commodore [illegible] was an excessively combative [illegible]; but we can forgive him now. [illegible] his share of this warlike spirit, [illegible] time, that made me such a fer[illegible] admirer of Coot; for Coot, besides [illegible] as intelligent as a dog and as [illegible] as a canary bird—and not much [illegible] was as gallant a fighter as ever [illegible]. In view of the fact that [illegible] thrashed two big Spanish bul[illegible] than three times his size, he [illegible] seems entitled to honorable [illegible] now. And a monument—this [illegible] monument of words—is all that [illegible] to give him; for it was [illegible] years ago I took final leave of [illegible] little fellow, with streaming [illegible] of which I am not ashamed.

[illegible] is time to give him a more for[illegible] introduction. Coot was a Seabright [illegible] of purest breed, with black and [illegible]

AFTER THE FIGHT.

[illegible]markings, partridge fashion, and [illegible] of tail feathers. He [illegible] much bigger than a quail. He [illegible] from the beginning. He was [illegible] but a tiny brown egg when he [illegible] my possession, and he was my [illegible] pet from the moment he tod[illegible] emerged half of thistle [illegible] the broken shell. He was [illegible] the large and extremely [illegible] family of an old gray [illegible] manifested a domineering [illegible] the first. It was very curi[illegible] him lording it over his foster [illegible] who so rapidly outgrew him [illegible] could reach their heads for [illegible] of chastisement only by leap[illegible] in the air.

[illegible] they all submitted without [illegible] to his capricious tyranny and [illegible] bluff; then doubts began to [illegible] in the muddy heads of [illegible] grown black Spanish fowls. [illegible] getting so big that they [illegible] turkeys. Slowly they made [illegible] minds—or whatever served [illegible] substitute for minds—that [illegible] was an imposition and not to [illegible]. Justice was clearly on their [illegible] were in their favor two [illegible] numbers and more than six to [illegible]. Yet wit and pluck, as [illegible] in the keen, clever little ban[illegible] coat. Brain and nerve always [illegible] when pitted against mere beef [illegible], whether the combat is with [illegible] spurs, or with bayonets and [illegible]

[illegible] saw the fight. We were all [illegible] a drive when it occurred, [illegible] scene that greeted us on our [illegible] eloquent of battle and vic[illegible]. The ground was well sprinkled [illegible] feathers, and black and tan plum[illegible] largely in evidence. In the [illegible] circle of admiring hens [illegible] Coot, ragged as a tramp, his [illegible] wattles cruelly torn, his head [illegible] black with clotted blood, but [illegible] strutting proudly back and [illegible] his wings or [illegible] crowing in triumph! H[illegible] he had been whipped three [illegible]

I caught up the devoted little war[illegible]. He still crowed as he lay in my hand. I closed his beak with my fingers to stop him, but as soon as I let go he crowed again. Yet his condition was so deplorable that I carried him into the house for [illegible] treatment; and the moment he was out of sight of the hens he dropped on his side and lay panting. He was so weak that he could scarcely stand!

As for the Black Spanish fowls, they were nowhere to be seen; but after a protracted search I found them crouching behind a pile of boards. They were thoroughly cowed, but not much hurt.

Coot, with all his fine traits, was undoubtedly vain, and unduly fond of strutting before the hens at all times. He had a mate as dainty as himself, and smaller even than he; and these practices of his vexed her, for she was a jealous little soul. Her wrath, however, was directed wholly against the unoffending hens before whom the gay young cock disported himself; and despite their superior size, I have often seen her fly in their faces like a little fury. On such occasions Coot stood by rather sheepishly, and never ventured to interfere. He seemed to recognize in her a spirit fully equal to his own.

He was a perfect gentleman in all respects. The other roosters, whenever they found a particularly choice morsel, would call together the hens—and then gobble it down just as the foremost fowl came running up. Coot never played any such low-down tricks as that; though, indeed, he had small temptation, for I doubt that he ever knew what it was to feel hungry. He was petted and pampered by all of us. After breakfast I often brought him into the house, and he would stand on my knee at table and eat of what remained on my plate as daintily as a canary bird.

He had an uneasy conscience, too, which troubled him when he engaged in mischief—as he often did, none the less. When detected invading the flower garden—where he knew that he was forbidden to go—he showed signs of guilt exactly like a clever dog. At other times I could pick him up anywhere; he would come to call if not too busy; but if I discovered him in the garden I couldn't get near him, and in his demeanor there was every mark of shame.

What became of the bright little bird, who flits like a summer butterfly across the memories of my childhood? I can't tell you; I never knew. When he was about three years old we moved away to another village, more than 500 miles distant. To take him with me was declared impossible by a court from which there was no appeal. So I gave him away to one of my most trusted friends, only stipulating that my pet should be allowed to live out his full term—brief enough at best—in peace and comfort. I carried him to his new home in my arms, caressed him, set him down, and turned away. I have never asked any questions as to his fate. I preferred not to know; pets so often come to some unhappy end. So I shall always remember my gallant bantam as I last saw him, strutting gayly away to make new acquaintances among the hens—and fight fresh battles if need be.

WALKER LOVELAND

CRASH JACKET SUITS.

Garments That Are as Cool and More Becoming to Some Than Shirt Waists.

All sorts and descriptions of short jackets are made up in the crash homespun, pique and that class of goods to wear with either plain, five-gored or circular skirts and shirt waists or full fronts. This last piece of information should be received with grateful enthusiasm by stout women, to whom the shirt waist is so hideously unbecoming as a rule. These little jackets are every bit as cool as the shirt waist, launder as well, if not better, and can be made exceedingly smart if they are well cut and have effective revers, faced with some contrasting color or heavy lace.

For midsummer wear there are some coat and skirt costumes on the same line as those of last season, the only difference being in the size of the sleeves. A pretty and effective costume in this style has the circular skirt and a regular reefer coat made of gray linen, the front revers and cuffs on the coat of dark blue. Some of the wash gowns are braided and there are even a few with bands of satin, an anachronism that is smart in appearance, but a bit too incongruous to meet with general approval.

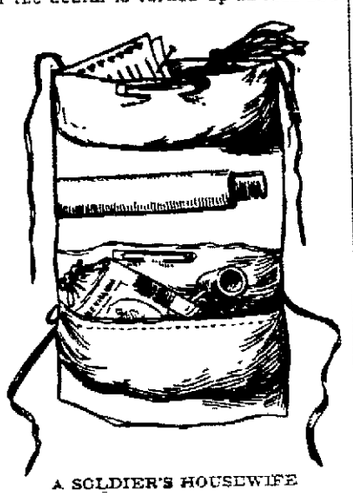
All the wash gowns on the severe plan must be well cut, but fortunately the shops have now attained to a marvelous degree of skill in the ready-made gowns they offer for sale, and a little time spent in choosing just the best made and of the best material will insure a most stunning gown for very little money.—St. Louis Republic.

FOR OUR SOLDIERS.

Housewives, Made by the "Dearest Women," Occupy an Important Part in the War Outfit.

Some one has computed that with 200,000 men in the field there are at least 1,000,000 of women who are directly and individually concerned in their welfare, not to mention all those besides whose interest is sympathetic and patriotic, says a writer in Harper's Bazar. Not all can join actively in the work of the great organizations which further large enterprises, and many minor associations are formed with the purpose of devising and making little personal comforts for the soldiers to add to their kits when going away for duty or be sent to them as opportunity offers. The little housewife shown in the cut has been made for the men of one of the departing regiments.

It is made of dark blue denim, and is ten inches long by seven wide. The pockets on the inside are of navy blue cambric. The contents of the largest of the pockets, the one across the bottom, are not such as are usually found in an orthodox housewife, consisting, as they do, of a wooden pipe and a small pouch of tobacco. This pocket is four inches and a half deep, with the ends plaited in to two inches and a half. The lower edge is set on with a trifle of fullness to give greater amplitude, the fullness being gathered at the top on a tape run into the hem. The lower end of the denim is turned up an inch and



A SOLDIER'S HOUSEWIFE

a half for a hem, and this first pocket is set on to cover the edge of the hem.

The pocket above is 3½ inches deep, plaited in to two inches at the ends, and is overlapped about half an inch by the pocket below. This pocket holds a box of buttons of the self-fastening kind, that require no sewing on, a small case of adhesive plaster, shoe laces and rolls of tape. Above it is a straight flat strip stitched down, holding a comb, the strip is 1¼ inches wide, and comes an inch short of the width of the case on the right side. The top pocket, of the same size as the second, is set on just below the upper edge. Its contents are small cards of black and white thread, pins and needles. The needles are run into a red flannel leaf at the back of the pocket, stitched in with the binding of the case. The top of each pocket is pinned down to the denim back with a safety pin.

The edge is bound with black braid, and the case is to be rolled and tied, for which one pair of strings is placed at the upper corners and a second three inches from the lower edge on the outside.

The Cutting of the Hair.

The best authorities on the hair say that a child's hair should not be cut until it is four or five years of age. It should be kept cut after this until the child is about 14. After this a little girl's hair should be allowed to grow long. It should be trimmed at the tips, however, or burned off monthly to keep it even and the hairs from splitting at the end. Do not wash the hair too often unless it is very oily. In that case wash it often to remove the excess of oil. Dry hair that is inclined to come out should be kept clean by daily use of the brush applied vigorously to the scalp. It should not be washed oftener than once in six weeks.—N. Y. Tribune.

USEFUL DISCOVERIES.

Important Part Electricity Has Played in This Line.

One of the most fortunate discoverers in the realm of electrochemics, whose results are peculiarly adapted to rouse interest in wide circles, is Henry Moissan, of Paris. With the force of the current he conquered fluorin, which most stubbornly of all the elements has resisted isolation, and presented it, free of all combinations, to the eye of the investigator—the first time it ever was seen in a free state. In his electric oven he crystallized coal to diamonds, and gold, copper, and resisting graphite were neglected and melted down into the form of little scales. These and similar experiments give an important idea of the almost creative power that the strong current lends humanity over material.

Besides such new knowledge, electrochemics has ripened the prominent practical results and has placed others nearer attainment. The extraction of the far-famed aluminum from clay takes place almost immediately under the influence of the powerful current. In like manner soda is formed from kitchen salt almost without expense if you take into account the value of the important second product. Electricity has been used successfully also to purify streams and rivers and to free them effectively from the death germs most inimical to humanity—such as cholera, typhus, malaria, etc.—Franz Bendt, in Chautauquan.

PAUL JONES

How He Captured the Serapis in a Desperate Hand to Hand Conflict.

The depredations of the English upon our commerce during the revolutionary war became so annoying that the young colonies decided to purchase a squadron of swift sailing ships to harass the English in their own waters. With this end in view, they secured a number of vessels in France and sent the famous Paul Jones over there to take charge of them as commander in chief. His special mission was to intercept the Baltic fleet, en route to England.

Inside of a month Jones had captured 13 vessels. On the 23d of September, 1779, Jones, in command of the Bon Homme Richard, was cruising in the neighborhood of Flamborough head. His vessel, through a misunderstanding, became separated from the rest of the fleet, and while thus separated Jones met the Baltic fleet. The merchant vessels were conveyed by the Serapis and another man-of-war.

Although the Bon Homme Richard was single-handed, her commander never hesitated, but immediately attacked the British war vessels.

The Americans fought like demons, and finally, when some of their guns became disabled, they grappled the British ships, and, removing the guns, and seizing upon lances, boarding pikes and whatever they could lay hands upon, they fought their way through the port holes, which were unusually large, and they waged a desperate hand to hand encounter in an attempt to board the enemy.

Finally, after four hours, the Serapis surrendered to the Bon Homme Richard, but so thoroughly cowed were the British crew that none of the sailors would haul down the vessel's colors when so ordered by the captain. Finally Capt. Pearson was compelled to execute his own command.

Ten minutes after the surrender of the Serapis the other British man-of-war surrendered to the Pallas of Jones' squadron, which had arrived during the latter part of the engagement.

The Bon Homme Richard was a complete wreck, and rapidly sinking. Jones ordered her crew, together with the wounded, removed to the Serapis, and 16 hours afterward the gallant Bon Homme Richard sank in Bridlington bay. Jones, with the remainder of his squadron and prizes, sailed for Holland. He was made much of at home for this action, which carried terror to the hearts of English sailors, and when he returned to America, in 1780, he was the recipient of an ovation as great as any naval commander of the revolution received.

DEWEY'S SQUADRON.

Armament and Cost of Vessels That Fought at Manila.

When Commodore, now Admiral, Dewey attacked Manila, the vessels composing what is known as the Asiatic squadron were: The Raleigh, a protected cruiser built in 1889, speed, 19 knots, cost $1,100,000, carrying ten 5-inch and one 6-inch rapid-fire guns, eight 6-pound rapid-fire and four 10-pound rapid-fire cannon, two Gatlings and four torpedo tubes. The Olympia, flagship, protected cruiser, first rate, built in 1891, speed 21.6 knots, cost $1,796,000, carries four 8-inch breechloading rifles, ten 5-inch rapid-fire guns, 14 6-pound and six 1-pound rapid-fire cannon, four Gatlings and six torpedo tubes. The Baltimore, a protected cruiser, second rate, built in 1877, 20.9 knots, cost $1,325,000, carries four 8-inch and six 6-inch rifles, four 6-pound and two 3-pound rapid-fire guns, two 1-pound rapid-fire cannon, four Hotchkiss cannon, two Gatlings and four torpedo tubes. The Boston, protected cruiser, second rate, built in 1883, speed 15.6 knots, cost $619,000; carries six 6-inch and two 8-inch breechloading rifles, two 6-pound and two 3-pound rapid-fire, two 1-pound rapid-fire cannon, two Hotchkiss revolving cannon and two Gatlings. The Concord, a gunboat, built in 1888, speed 16.8 knots, cost $490,000, carries six 6-inch rifles, two 6-pound and two 31-pound rapid-fire guns, two Hotchkiss revolving cannon, two Gatlings and six torpedo tubes. The Petrel, a gunboat, built in 1887, speed 11.7 knots, cost $247,000, carries four 6-inch breechloading rifles, one 1-pound rapid-fire gun, two Hotchkiss revolving cannon and two Gatlings. The McCulloch, a revenue cutter, propeller class, carrying four guns, used as a dispatch boat.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Beggar Versus Work.

"Please, sir, won't you give something to a poor cripple?"

"I have no money."

"If you haven't any money, what are you walking around here for doing nothing? Why don't you go to work and earn some?"—Das Klein Witzblatt.

Caused by Drink.

At a recent English inquest it came out that of five persons who had received legacies of $500 each two years ago four had already drunk themselves to death.

What Is The Good

Of good printing? You can probably answer that in a minute when you compare good printing with poor. You know the satisfaction of sending out printed matter that is neat and up-to-date in appearance. You know how it impresses you when you receive it from some one else. Let us show you what we can do by a judicious mixture of brains and type. For the asking we will help you with your printing. Let us get you out some neat up-to-date stationery. We insure you perfect satisfaction, with prices lowest, consistent with good work.

The News Job Rooms,

Phone No. 1417.

C. H. & D. EXCURSIONS.

Toledo every Sunday, via C. H. & D., only $1 for the round trip.

Religious Meeting, Linwood Park, Vermillion, O., August 2-22, 1898—Agents of the C. H. & D. Ry. north of and including Dayton will sell tickets at the rate of one fare for the round trip. Tickets will be sold August 1st to 23d inclusive, good going date of sale, good returning from Vermillion up to and including August 31st, 1898.

Omaha and Return—Every day until Oct. 15 the C. H. & D. Ry. will sell round trip tickets at $30.50.

Kansas City, Mo., and Return—Every day until Oct. 15 the C. H. & D. Ry. will sell round trip tickets at $27.50.

Tourist tickets on sale every day to the North, East and West, at very low rates.

$14 ROUND TRIP FROM LIMA.

Tuesday July 19 and Wednesday Aug. 10. Choice of Ten Popular Resorts.

A Delightful Midsummer Outing by the Sea.

One of the ideal vacation trips is a visit to the seashore. Persons who may have participated in that enjoyment are annually anxious to repeat the experience. To those who may not have been that fortunate, a dip in the ocean, a stroll along the sandy beach, and the myriads of pleasures at the disposal of the summer idler by the sea, have a peculiar charm. The largely patronized general excursions inaugurated last season by the Pennsylvania Lines from principal points in Ohio and Indiana brought out that fact. The announcement that the Pennsylvania System will this summer again run special low rate excursions to the seashore will no doubt will be welcome information to persons who may wish to spend highly enjoyable vacations along the ocean. Tuesday, July 19 and Wednesday, August 10.

Wednesday, August 10th, has been fixed as the date for this season's general excursions to the seashore over the Pennsylvania Lines. On that date round trip tickets to ten of the most popular summer havens along the Atlantic Coast will be sold. The rate will be $14 from Lima. Passengers may visit either Atlantic City, Cape May, Anglesea, Avalon, Holly Beach, Ocean City, Sea Isle City, Wildwood, New Jersey, Rehoboth, Del., or Ocean City, Md.

Excursion tickets will be good returning eleven days including date of sale. Train arrangements will enable excursionists to go through without any discomfort. Sleeping Cars running through Philadelphia to Atlantic City without change via Delaware River Bridge Route will be included in the through car arrangements for these excursions, which will offer exceptional facilities for a delightful midsummer outing by the sea. The date on which they will be run is perhaps the dullest season of the year, when absence from home and business cares will be convenient.

For special information about time of trains and other details, and for descriptive matter of the ten resorts to which tickets will be sold, list of hotels at each, etc., please address F. A. BARCHESS, Ticket Agent, or C. L. KIMBALL, A. G. P. Agent, Cleveland, Ohio.

REDUCED FARES

To Various Points via Pennsylvania Lines.

Excursion tickets will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines as indicated in the following paragraphs. Although concessions in fare are authorized for meetings of certain orders, tickets may be obtained by any person whether a member of the Order or interested in the event. The reduced rates will be open to everybody.

To CHICAGO, ILL.—July 12th and 13th, for Young People's Christian Union, Universalist Church. Good returning July 21st, with privilege to extend until August 30th.

To BUFFALO, N. Y.—July 12th, 13th, 14th and 15th, good returning until July 19th, with privilege to extend until September 1, account Baptist Young People's Union International Convention.

To SARATOGA, N. Y.—August 1st and 2d, account Young People's Christian Union, U. P. Church. Return limit August 10th, with privilege to extend until August 31st.

To PITTSBURG, PA.—October 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th and 13th, good returning until October 17th, account Knights Templar Triennial Conclave. Return limit may be extended until October 31st.

During the excursion season special rates will also be in effect via Pennsylvania Lines for special and local events. For particular information please apply to nearest Ticket Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines or address C. L. KIMBALL, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Cleveland, Ohio.

Chicago & Erie Excursions.

Buffalo, N. Y. Baptist Young Peoples Union. On sale July 12th to 15th, inclusive. One fare for round trip.

Two special excursions to Chautauqua Lake July 5th and 26th. Good 30 days. $8.40 for round trip.

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PIRATES PLAYED FAIR.

But It Was Long Ago When They Were Engaged in War with England.

In the year 1779, when England was engaged in war with Spain, Capt. Edwards, of the Elizabeth of London, coming through the gulf from Jamaica, richly laden, met with a violent storm. The ship sprang a leak that obliged it to run into the port of Havana. The captain went on shore, and waited on the governor, and told him of the occasion of his putting in, adding that he surrendered the ship as a prize, as well as himself and crew, as prisoners of war, only requesting good quarters. "No, sir," replied the governor; "if we had taken you in fair sea, or approaching our own coast with hostile intentions, your ship would then be a lawful prize, and your people prisoners, but when, distressed by the hand of Providence, you come to our port for safety of your lives, we, being men, though enemies, are bound by the laws of humanity to afford relief to the distressed who ask it of us. We cannot, even against our foes, take advantage of the act of God. You have leave, therefore, to unload your ship, if that be necessary to stop the leak. You may fit her here, and traffic so far besides as shall be needful to pay charges. When repaired you may depart. I will give you a pass, to be in force till beyond Bermuda. If after that you are taken, then you will be a lawful prize, whereas, now, as you are only a stranger, you have a stranger's right to safety and protection."

Here was fairness. The ship departed and arrived without any other accident in the port of London.

JUST INDIGNATION.

Felt by a Kind-Hearted Woman When She Heard of Men "Running" a "Blind Pig."

A certain woman of this town is noted for her kindness to animals, says the Milwaukee Sentinel. She has a way of bringing stray dogs and cats into her own and her friends' homes, with a heart overflowing with such affection for her four-footed brethren, as she calls them, that over and over again she persuades unwilling people into becoming guardians to one-eared felines and sad visaged curs. Not long ago this woman was visiting in a "no license" town and some one undertook to play the old joke "the blind pig" on her, telling her with great concern that they were running such an animal just outside of the town. That was enough. The kindly woman put on her bonnet and set off for the village marshal or some such functionary, and with tears in her eyes protested against such cruelty.

"I can't see why they should be running a blind pig," she said very earnestly, "the poor thing can't have harmed anyone, but anyway it ought to be stopped," and the marshal solemnly agreed with her.

But the point of the story lies in this. When the man who put up the joke confided the delight in it to another woman and expected her to laugh with him, all he got was a look of wonder from two big brown eyes and the question:

"Well, what were they running the blind pig for anyway?"

CROWS FIGHT A TURTLE.

A Maryland Man Comes to the Rescue of One of the Birds Held Prisoner by the Reptile.

Benjamin Rust, of Chestertown, Md., gives an interesting account of a combat between a large snapping turtle and a vast number of crows, which he witnessed a few days ago. While noted for his shyness, the crow is also noted as a vicious fighter in defense of his own household. Mr. Rust noted a great commotion among the crows in a meadow. The birds were darting down making vicious thrusts with their beaks and pounding away with their wings at the same time keeping up a tremendous chatter.

It was noticed that one crow, though flapping vigorously, was unable to get away. An examination disclosed the cause of the trouble to be a big snapping turtle, which had seized a crow by the wing and held it captive, and was making his way to a branch, where it is supposed the bird would have been dragged down and drowned, preparatory to being eaten. Mr. Rust captured the snapper and released the crow.

Snappers do no small amount of damage to goslings and young ducks. They grab their prey by the foot as they swim along, drag them beneath the water and when they are drowned proceed to devour them at their leisure.

The Victoria Cross.

British propriety was so shocked at the appearance at a variety theater of Piper Findlater, just decorated with the Victoria cross by the queen's own hand for continuing to pipe at Dargai after he had been wounded by the Afridis, that the war department bestirred itself and found him a place as janitor at once. The Alhambra was paying the piper $125 a week. No steps have been taken to help to a living holders of the Victoria cross who are in the workhouses and other places where their country's neglect is less public.

Swift Dragon Fly.

The dragon fly can outstrip the swallow. It can fly backward and sidelong, to right and left, as well as forward, and can alter its course on the instant without turning. It makes 28 beats per second with its wings, while the bee makes 190 and the horsefly 300.

What Legislation Costs in Mexico.

The legislative branch of the Mexican government costs $1,000,000 in Mexican silver annually.

The Long Expected Celestial Wanderer Is Finally Located in the Southern Hemisphere.

Encke's comet has arrived at last. Astronomers have been on the watch for it for the past six weeks and more. It was first sighted in the southern hemisphere by Mr. Tebbutt at Sydney, N. S. W., June 11, says the Chicago Journal.

It is not likely that the comet will be seen at all at this return by astronomers in the northern hemisphere, as its position—near the star Procyon—is such that it rises at about seven a. m. and sets at eight p. m., and therefore is below the horizon for us during the night hours. In the southern hemisphere, where the season is now winter, it may be seen for a short time in the early evening.

This comet is of great interest to astronomers as the first discovered of the short-period comets and as that which has the shortest period of any comet known. For the last 80 years it has been recognized as a member of the solar system, circulating round the sun in a highly eliptical orbit in a period of 3 1-3 years, with the regularity of a planet. This is its twenty third return since its first predicted return in 1822.

On some of its returns it has been bright enough to be seen with the naked eye, but usually it is a small, telescopic affair, of little interest to the public at large, save as one always likes to be informed when comets, even little ones, are hovering in the sky.

The same telegram from the Lick observatory, which announced the sighting of Encke by Mr Tebbutt, reported also the discovery of a comet by Mr Perrine in the Constellation Camelopardus. It is of the tenth magnitude, and therefore away below the reach of the naked eye.

ALL ARE SHARPSHOOTERS.

American Soldiers Because of Modern Rifles and Long Practice Are Splendid Marksmen.

Sharpshooters have disappeared from the army with the drummer boy, and the men who are generally assigned to the duty of picking off officers during the late civil war are no longer heard of. This is due to the modern formation of the army, and instead of troops fighting in close formation and double ranks of men massed together they are spread out over the field.

The sharpshooters in the late war, of whom so much has been written, were armed with a long rifle range, which gave them a great advantage over the troops in the ranks, but with the advent of a new rifle this has all been changed and every man in the ranks is now a sharpshooter and carries a shooting iron the range of which is much greater than those used by the old sharpshooters. This government spends twice as much money in gun practice as any other three governments combined, which results in the men in the American navy being expert marksmen, probably superior to any in the world.

SUBMARINE BOAT A SUCCESS.

In a Trial Under Water at Milwaukee a Speed of Eight Knots an Hour Is Attained.

After lying at the dock for over two months, and having innumerable repairs made, the Raddatz submarine boat was taken out for a trial the other afternoon, and was given a successful test of an hour and a quarter under water. The test was made in the Kinnickinnic river, and because of the narrowness of the stream the boat could not give a complete demonstration of its power. The test, however, was sufficient to prove that the boat can operate successfully under water.

The boat was only submerged to a depth which did not obscure the two small conning towers. On the top of one of the towers is a camera arrangement. It shows the images of all bodies on the surface of the water, and would be of great service in locating a boat against which a torpedo might be fired.

Inventor Raddatz claims that the top of the boat was hermetically sealed, and that his air manufacturing machinery worked to perfection. The boat moved through the water at the rate of eight knots an hour.

LOANS ONE MILLION DOLLARS.

Hetty Green Comes to the Financial Aid of the City of Greater New York.

The city of New York borrowed $1,000,000 from Mrs. Hetty Green the other day. She gave her check for the amount and was given a receipt in exchange. This is one of the shrewdest financial "deals" Comptroller Coler has put through. The money turned over to the city by the richest woman in America will draw interest at the rate of two per cent. per annum until October 1 next.

This means that for the use of the million dollars for three months the city will pay Mrs. Green about $5,000. Comptroller Coler says that if he had borrowed the money on Wall street at prevailing rates for city money this accommodation in cash would have cost the city $7,500. Taxpayers will, therefore, save $2,500.

Gigantic Mosses.

Mr. Dusen, a German traveler who recently explored the west coast of Patagonia, says that mosses of all species are developed there to an extraordinary degree. They grew in immense heaps, the explorer sinking to his armpits in some of them.

Percentage of Blind People.

In every million of people in the world there are 800 who are blind.

Mrs. Fanny Alricks Shugert has published a story of the old Syrian city Antioch in the time of the Apostles. It is called "The Day Breaketh."

The two hundredth performance of "The Little Minister," in London, was celebrated by a theatrical love feast, Mr. J. M. Barrie making an address.

"Casa Braccio," one of Marion Crawford's most powerful novels, has been turned into French, with the title of "Soeur Marie," and is running as a serial in one of the Paris periodicals.

Herbert Spencer, the English philosophical writer, confesses that he tried vegetarianism for one year, and at the end of that time consigned to the fire all that he had written during that period.

Gen. Lew Wallace has tried very hard to enlist in the present war, even offering $100 to be allowed as a private, when he found he could get no appointment as general, but his age disqualifies him.

In 1867 Victor Hugo wrote to the revolutionary committee of Puerto Rico: "Spain out of America! That must be the great aim and that the great duty of American citizens. Cuba free! I applaud all these great designs."

Certain literary ladies in France are said to be planning a French academy for themselves, on the line of the famous masculine institution. The celebrated "Gyp" is one of the most enthusiastic promoters of the enterprise.

Five new books for children are: "The Adventures of the Fellow" and "Three Little Crackers," by Will Allen Dromgoole; "The Sleeping Beauty," by Martha B. Dunn, "A Little Puritan Rebel," by Edith Robinson, and "The Young Archer," by Charles E. Brimblecom.

A peculiarity of the new novel, "The Gray House of the Quarries," is that in no part of the book is the appearance of the heroine described. It has been an idea of the author's, Mrs. Norris, to let each reader picture to himself, as the story develops, his own impression of what the girl should be like.

RELIGIOUS NOTES.

In Singapore Bibles are sold in 25 languages.

The leper home at Jerusalem has issued its twenty-sixth report.

English Presbyterianism shows a membership of 71,444.

There are 40,000 native pupils in the Sunday schools of the Fiji islands.

A part of the German soldier's equipment is a four-ounce religious book.

The First Baptist church, Philadelphia, will celebrate its two hundredth anniversary this year.

Twenty-seven hundred persons receive help from the mission to lepers in India.

The value of churches and grounds in the United States up to July, 1897, was $670,000,000.

The 300,000 Methodists of Ohio have 1,400 pastors, and own church property valued at $15,000,000.

The Lutherans claim a continuous history of nearly four centuries for their Sunday schools.

The Presbyterian general assembly expressed its approval of individual communion cups by using them recently at the Lord's Supper. About 2,000 were used.

Lieut. Hobson, the leader of the band of heroes who sank the Merrimac in Santiago harbor, when at the naval academy, Annapolis, was president of the Y. M. C. A.

King Alfonso of Spain was confirmed at Madrid, June 22, with great ceremony, in the presence of the royal family, the court dignitaries, the cabinet ministers and the grandees.

SCHOOL AND COLLEGE.

Simpson college at Indianola, Ia., has conferred the degree of LL.D on Gov. Shaw, of that state.

Among the candidates for the bar at Lincoln's inn, London, is a Gold Coast prince, son of Asquasia Kaye, king of Deakera.

According to John McDonald, of the Kansas State Teachers' association, fully 600 out of the 3,000 Kansas volunteers are teachers.

Nashville university, the largest in the south, has conferred the honorary degree of Litt. D. on Hon. J. G. Carlisle, of Kentucky, and Rev. A. E. Winship, of Boston.

Germany contributes only 140,000 marks a year in support of schools in her colonies, while France and England spend millions in that direction.

The annual catalogue of Muskingum college for the year ending June 23, 1898, reports a total of 203 scholars, of whom 85 are in the collegiate department, and 71 in the preparatory.

At the recent meeting of the council of Hope college at Holland, Mich., President G. J. Kollen announced that the endowment fund had been increased by $100,000 during the past year. The catalogue shows an attendance for the year of 212 students.

Prof. Alexander Agassiz, of Harvard, as curator of the museum of comparative zoology, has, without parade—indeed, almost without notice—added to the plant of the university more than $700,000 in buildings, collections, books and materials, besides $100,000 for current needs.

WHAT WE WANT TO SEE.

The phantom fleet.

A really respectable summer.

General peace and private content.

Sea-side holiday for slum children.

Remittances from our debtors.

Frauds get a licking oftener than the stamps.

People to live after Gladstone's virtues, away from all political thought.

—Bric-a-Brac.

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"Frequent and constant advertising brought me all I own."—A. T. Stewart.

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claim to include that island in their demands for territory.

from his men be returned to Spain

CONTINUED ON FOURTH PAGE.

suffering from a paralytic attack. On the contrary, the doctor asserts, his honness is in good health.

that she would coal as fast as possible and hurry to Manila without regard to other vessels of the expedition in port.

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NewspaperARCHIVE®

A Master Stroke.

A SALE WITHOUT A PARALLEL IN THIS COUNTRY! From where the morning sun gilds the snow capped mountains of New Hampshire, to where he sinks to rest on the placid bosom of the Pacific, NO SUCH SALE WAS EVER KNOWN.

A DISCOUNT OF ONE-FOURTH

Now mark the words and mark the figures---one fourth off from the regular price. All goods are marked in plain figures. plain and bold ---and you can take off one-fourth from the price, pay us the three-fourths remaining, and take the goods. This offer is so FAIR, so HONEST, so PLAIN, that you could come in and help yourself if you could find the stock. Everything will go at this tremendous discount. Men's, Boys' and Children's Suits, Trousers of all kinds, Underwear, Hats, Caps, Neckwear, etc. When we say everything WE MEAN EVERYTHING MUST GO. Remember, and lose no time in securing some of the bargains, and in years to come, as you journey alang life's pathway, you can look back to the time when you were BENEFITTED by this great sale, which will always be a bright spot on the tables of your memory. Come, everybody, and partake of this unprecedented feast of clothing bargains

Men's Boy's and Children's SUITS.

The Mammoth,

E. M. GALLEN & CO.,

Public Square, Lima, Ohio.

EVENTS TONIGHT.

Allen Lodge I. O. O. F.
Golden Gate Rebecca Lodge.
Golden Rule Union.
I. O. R. M
German Red Men.

ABOUT THE CITY.

Late Local News in a Condensed Form For the Busy Readers.

A gentleman by the name of Moore, living on west Vine street, was slightly injured while at work on the Dave Hover lease, southwest of the city, yesterday.

While hunting yesterday morning west of town a gun in charge of Lovell Goins accidentally went off and a part of the contents struck Ed. Moss in the knee, making a very painful wound.

Pete Kellar was pleasantly surprised last evening by a number of friends who called to celebrate his birthday in response to an invitation from Mrs. Kellar, All arrangements were complete. consequently everything went off with much taste.

Elmer Crossley's for your Sunday Roasts.

Don't fail to read the want ads. in THE NEWS. You will find something there of interest to you. tf

PERSONAL.

Late Record of Limaites Abroad and Visitors in the City.

I. R. Longsworth is back from Kentucky.

Misses Marie and Anna Werst are in Chicago.

Mrs. Louis Fall is visiting in Napoleon. Ohio.

Miss Ina Shook is entertaining Miss Ody, of North Baltimore

Miss Birt Brotherton is entertaining Miss Young, of Chicago.

G. M. Sprague and family left for a summer outing at Bay View yesterday.

R. D. Macdonald and wife are home from their pleasure trip up the lakes.

Mrs A. J. Etter and sister. Mrs. John Spear, are visiting in Lafayette.

Mrs. A. A. Scott and Miss Edna left this morning for a visit in the East.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas Seebers, of Dayton, are guests of Henry Seebers and wife.

Mrs. J. G. Neubauer is enjoying a visit from her brother, J. R Wordill, of New York city.

Mrs. Ed. King and son, of Chicago, are spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs Frederick Seymour

Little Roby Ohler is home from a visit with her playmate, Marguerite Thompson, at Put-in-Bay.

Kathrine Lynch, Helen Duggan, Eddie Hughes and Herbert Thomas will spend Sunday at Lewistown.

Mrs. H. F. Vortcamp and children leave today for Cincinnati and the Miami Valley to spend the summer.

Misses Minnie and Ollie Dixon, formerly of Lima but now residents of Waco, Texas. are the guests of their aunt, Mrs Wilkins. of west Spring street.

The young ladies, Miss Paine, of Jackson, O., and Miss Waldo, of Detroit, who have been the guests of Mr and Mrs. J. O. Ohler, leave today for their homes

WATSON'S WEATHER.

Showers to-night. Partly cloudy. Cooler to-morrow.

OIL

Still Remains the Same--No Change Since Yesterday.

There were no changes in the price of oil today, the quotations having remained the same for the last few days. The operators interested in the local production have hoped the increase might continue, and considerable interest is being manifested at present in the market for fear that when the change comes it will go down instead of increasing.

THE MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, July 14

FLOUR—Spring fancy $4 25@4 60 family, $3 85@4 15 spring patent $4 75@5 do, winter patent, $4 40@4 60, fancy, $4 00@4 30, family, $3 50@3 75 extra, $3.00@3 25 low grade $2 50@2 75 rye Northwestern, $2.75@3 00, do city, $2.75@3 00

WHEAT—Holders asked 76c for No 2 red. new, while buyers would not pay more than 77c

CORN—Sales. No 2 yellow, track, 35c No. 3 white track, 36c, yellow ear, track, 37c, white ear switching ($2 50) 35c

OATS—Sales No 3 mixed track, 24½c No. 2 mixed track 25½c,

HOGS—Select shippers $3 95@4 00, select butchers $3 90@3.95, fair to good packers, $3 75@3 90, fair to good light $3 60@3.90 common and roughs, $3 25@3 70

CATTLE—Fair to good shippers, $4 25@4 85; good to choice butchers $4 15@4 60, fair to medium butchers, $3.25@4 00, common, $2.65@3.15

SHEEP—Extras, $3 85@4 00, good to choice, $3 25@3 75, common to fair, $2 50@3 15

LAMBS—Extras, $6.25@6.40, good to choice, $5 50@6.15, common to fair, $4 50@5 40

VEAL CALVES—Fair to good light, $6 00@6 50; common and large, $3.75@5 75

CHICAGO, July 14.

WHEAT—July, 73⅜c, August, 68⅛c, September 67¼@67¾c, December 67⅛@67⅜c

CORN—July, 31¾@31⅞c September, 32@32⅛c December 32½c, May 34⅜@34⅝c

OATS—July, 22⅝c, September 19¼@19½c; May 21⅝@21¾c

BARLEY—Cash No 3 30 to 35c

RYE—Cash, 46½c, July, 45½c, August, 45c; September, 43½c.

BELTS

AT REDUCED PRICES.

$1.50 Belts reduced to 98c.
$1.25 Belts reduced to 89c.
75c Belts reduced to 50c.
50c Belts reduced to 39c.

Carroll & Cooney...

BLEW UP.

An Explosion at the Hercules Torpedo Company

Last Night—Two Men Seriously Injured, Badly Cut and Bruised—Accident Occurred Early Last Evening.

An accident occurred at the Hercules Torpedo Co last night that terminated seriously for Geo. Mowery and Harry Bodine, and yet it was a most fortunate accident, it being remarkable that it did not end fatally for both.

It seems the men were working on a "hurry up" order and were endeavoring to get out some tin shells for squib shots that were to have been sent to Findlay at seven o'clock last night. The men had placed the explosive in the can and were soldering it up when of a sudden the tin became intensely heated and a terrific explosion followed.

The tin case in which the explosive was placed was shattered into a million pieces and particles of the flying tin entered the bodies of the men.

Mowery sustained very many serious cuts about the head and face and his right arm. The wrist and palm of the hand was mutilated in a terrible manner. He bled profusely, and it was at first supposed an artery had been severed. Mowery suffered intense pain and it is said by his physicians that he is seriously hurt

Bodine was badly injured but it is thought his wounds are of less seriousness than those of Mowery's.

Dr. McCall, who was in the vicinity of the Hercules factory when the accident occurred, hastened to the scene at once and attended the men after they had been removed home in the ambulance Mowery suffered intensely last night. Bodine rested somewhat easier, however, it is a pleasure to note that both men are improved very much today. and the attending physician predicts safe and speedy recovery for both.

A BAD MAN

Who Hails From Nowhere, Taken In By Local Police.

He Was Recognized By Mrs. Burroughs as the Man Who Gave Her the Scare--Police Doubt the Story.

Shortly before noon today as Officer Bacome was passing the Enterprise drug store on Main street, he noticed a shabbily dressed fellow lurking about suspiciously, and arrested him He registered at the city prison as William Sparks, without a home and told the police he came here from Ft. Wayne, Ind. Just as Officer Bacome was taking his prisoner to the city jail he (the prisoner) was recognized by Mrs Burrough's who had an experience with a man on the streets of this city Monday night.

Mrs Burroughs followed the procession to the city jail and in the presence of the police and the prisoner said she recognized the man positively and said she would know him among a hundred

Mrs. Burroughs told an entirely different story today than she ever told before, or to say the least, told it differently than it was ever printed before. She said the attack the other night was not an attempt at robbery, as has been reported, but rather it was an assault with criminal intent.

When Sparks heard her story he laughed in his indifference, and said he did not leave Ft. Wayne, Ind., until after he is reported to have been guilty of a crime in this city

The fellow acts very peculiarly and Mayor Prophet thinks he is unsound of mind When searched the fellow had no money or weapon of any kind on his person.

Mrs Burroughs says the fellow clutched her throat and placed a pistol to her head. There are, however, no marks of any kind on her neck, neither did her assaulter have a weapon of any kind on his person when arrested.

Another feature about her story, when she was attacked she made no outcry. Under circumstances such as the assault is purported to have happened, she would have screamed instinctively.

The entire story looks a little off-color. Sparks will be held on suspicion, however.

E. C. Blanks, of Lewisville, Texas, writes that one box of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve was worth $50 to him. It cured his piles of ten years standing. He advises others to try it. It also cures eczema, skin diseases and obstinate sores. H. F. Vortkamp, northeast corner Main and North.

Prof. Elias Findley Johnson, the secretary of the law department of the University of Michigan, is here on a short visit with the family of A Herrod, county recorder.

TIED THE SCORE.

Game Stopped in the Thirteenth Inning Because of

Darkness—The Reds and Baltimore Played a Great Game of Ball—Out of the First Four Eastern Games the Reds Have Lost Only One.

There was something of a surprise in store for the fans about the city yesterday when they began to search out the bulletins to determine the result of yesterday's game. The score startled everyone, and while pleasing to a few, was a dissatisfaction to none.

Yesterday's game is virtually a victory for the Reds, and gives the followers of the game a fair line on them. They have so far on their eastern trip lost but one game. That was the first which was played. Under the circumstances no other result could be looked for. They finished their game at Cincinnati Park after four o'clock and left the city before five of the same afternoon. In this time the players had hardly a chance to change their uniforms. They traveled all night and next day until two o'clock and were rushed to the ball park at Baltimore. from the depot. Since that they have been playing the best ball of any team in the league. They can and probably will win the penant race, if they can hit all through the remainder of the season like they have been batting it out on this trip.

The game yesterday was one of the best seen in Baltimore for months, and was greatly enjoyed by several hundred cranks

After today the Reds go to Philadelphia for four games, and then to Washington. In the meantime the other leaders have comparatively easy picking. The Reds will be leaders still when they come back, if they can only continue to get their eye on the ball.

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	R	H	E
Baltimore	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	5	13	5
Cincinnati	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	5	14	0

Batteries—Breitenstein and Peitz, Mani and Robinson Umpires—Snyder and Connelly

First Game

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
New York	5	1	2	0	4	0	0	0	*	12	14	1
St. Louis	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	5	4	4

Batteries—Rusie and Warner Taylor and Clements Umpires—Lynch and Andrews

Second Game.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
New York	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	*	5	7	3
St Louis	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	3	2

Batteries Doheny and [illegible] Sullivan and Snyder Umpires—Lynch and Andrews

First Game

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Boston	0	1	3	1	0	1	0	0	*	6	13	1
Louisville	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	7	3

Batteries—Willis and Yerkes Todd Aitreck and Kittridge Umpires—O Day and McDonald

Second Game

Inning	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	R	H	E
Boston	0	0	2	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	8	11	0
Louisville	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	3	0	0	0	7	15	2

Batteries—Frazer and Kittredge Kleinedanz, Lewis and Berger Umpires—McDonald and O Day

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Brooklyn	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	*	4	8	2
Pittsburgh	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	1

Batteries—Kennedy and Grim Gardner and Bowerman Umpires—Gaffney and Brown

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Philadelphia	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	*	1	3	1
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0

Batteries—Platt and McFarland Jones and Criger Umpires—Emslie and Hunt

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Washington	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	4	8	2
Chicago	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	1	4	6	1

Batteries [illegible] and Kittredge Callahan and [illegible] Umpires—Swartwood and Wood

GAMES TODAY.

Cincinnati at Philadelphia.
Chicago at Baltimore.
Pittsburg at Boston
Cleveland at Washington.
Louisville at New York
St. Louis at Brooklyn.

Horse Races.

All lovers of horse racing will have an opportunity of witnessing three elegant events Saturday afternoon at Faurot's driving park A small admission will be charged at the gate to defray expenses Races start at 1:30 sharp. 9 3

R. A. M. Notice.

Regular meeting of Lima Chapter No. 49, R. R. M., this evening

C. E. LAMPHIER, H. P.
W. LANDIS, Sec'y.

Bob Moore, of LaFayette, Ind., says that for constipation he has found DeWitt's Little Early Risers to be perfect. They never gripe. Try them for stomach and liver troubles. H. F. Vortkamp, northeast corner of Main and North

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